This manual contains specific precautions related to worker safety. The hazard alert image denotes safety related instructions and warnings in this manual. DO NOT operate or perform maintenance on this collector until you have read and understood the instruction and warnings contained within this manual.
IMPORTANT NOTES
This manual has been supplied to assist with the installation, operation and maintenance for the collector purchased. Please read the manual before installing, operating, or performing maintenance on the collector as it contains specific precautions for worker safety. It is the owner’s responsibility to ensure that this manual is available for use by installers, operators and maintenance personnel that will be working with this collector. This manual is the property of the owner and should be left with the collector when installation has been completed. DO NOT operate this collector until you have read and understood the instructions and warnings located in the installation and operation manual.

For additional copies of this manual, contact Donaldson Torit

⚠️ The Safety Alert Symbol indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided could result in death or serious injury. Obey all safety messages following this symbol to avoid possible injury or death. The possible hazards are explained in the associated text messages.

⚠️ CAUTION, used with the safety alert symbol, indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

⚠️ NOTICE indicates a potential situation or practice which is not expected to result in personal injury, but which if not avoided, may result in damage to equipment.
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Safety Communication

Improper operation of dust collectors and/or dust control systems may contribute to conditions in a work area or facility which could result in severe personal injury, and product or property damage. All dust collection equipment should be used only for its intended purpose and should be properly selected and sized for its intended use.

Process owners have important responsibilities relating to identifying and addressing potential hazards in their processes. When the potential for handling combustible dust exists within a process the process owner should include combustion hazards in their risk management activities and should comply with applicable codes and standards related to combustible dust.

Electrical installation must be performed by a qualified electrician.

This equipment is not designed to support site ducts, piping, or electrical services. All ducts, piping, or electrical services must be adequately supported to prevent injury and/or property damage.

Site selection must account for wind, seismic zone, and other load conditions.

Equipment may reach peak sound pressure levels above 80 dB (A). Noise levels should be considered when selecting collector location.

Combustible Dust Hazards

Among other considerations, the current NFPA standards require owners whose processes involve potentially combustible materials to have a current Dust Hazard Analysis, which can serve as the foundation for their process hazard mitigation strategy. Mitigation may include but is not limited to:

- Prevention of all ignition sources from entering any dust collection equipment.
- Selection and implementation of fire and explosion mitigation, suppression, and isolation strategies appropriate for the risks in their process.
- Development and use of work practices to maintain safe operating conditions, and to ensure combustible dust does not accumulate within their plant or process equipment.

Donaldson designs, manufactures, and sells industrial air filtration products for a wide variety of applications. Some applications may include processes or materials with inherent fire and explosion hazards. Donaldson is neither an expert nor a certified consultant in fire, spark, or explosion detection, suppression, or control. Donaldson does not provide engineering consulting services related to process or dust hazard analyses, or code and standard compliance. Complying with applicable codes and standards and managing the risks associated with the process or materials remains the responsibility of the process owner/operator. Donaldson may provide referrals to consultants, suppliers of equipment or services related to the detection and/or mitigation of sparks, fires and/or explosions, but Donaldson does not assume responsibility for any such referrals, nor does Donaldson assume any liability for the fitness of a mitigation strategy or product for a particular installation or application. The process owner's final selection of dust collectors and risk mitigation strategies should be based on the outcome of a Dust Hazard / Process Hazard Analysis performed by the process owner. Although early engagement of a dust collector supplier provides helpful insights on the availability and features of various products, process owners should consult with a combustible dust expert and/or a process safety expert before making actual product and mitigation strategy selections.

Donaldson recommends that all industrial air filtration system designs be reviewed and approved by an expert consultant who is responsible for the integrity of the system design and compliance with applicable codes and standards. It is the process owner’s responsibility to understand the risks in their process and mitigate those risks in accordance with all applicable laws, regulations and standards, including those published by the NFPA. Donaldson also recommends that proper maintenance and housekeeping procedures and work practices be evaluated, developed, and followed to maintain any industrial air filtration products in safe operating condition.

Many factors beyond the control of Donaldson can affect the use and performance of Donaldson products in a particular application, including the conditions under which the product is used. Since these factors are uniquely within the user's knowledge and control, it is essential the user evaluate the Donaldson products to determine whether the product is fit for the particular purpose and suitable for the user's application. All products, product specifications, and data (airflow, capacity, dimensions, or availability) are subject to change without notice, and may vary by region or country.
Description

The Modular Baghouse, Model MBT, is a continuous-duty, modular collector with bag-style filters. Used to collect airborne dust and particulate, the simple, reliable design efficiently handles low- and high-volume dust. Continuous-duty means the filters are pulse-cleaned in sequence, one set at a time without turning the collector off. Standard MBT sizes range from 36 to 405 filter bags, 5, 6, 8 or 10 feet in length. Collectors feature quick-disconnect blowpipes and round snap-in bags.

Model MBT allows walk-on, top-access filter bag removal. Hopper inlets are standard. All models allow filter bag service from the clean-air side of the collector.

Purpose and Intended Use

**CAUTION** Misuse or modification may result in severe personal injury and/or property damage.

Do not misuse or modify.

The Modular Baghouse is widely used in material conveying, weigh stations, mixing tanks, bin vents, material grinding, and packaging operations. The MB is most commonly used in the chemical, foundry, mineral, food, wood, agriculture, industrial, and pharmaceutical industries and with custom modifications, it is suitable for high-temperature applications.

- The MB is sized for applications between 1,152 and 62,500 cfm.
- Standard filter-bags are 10.5-oz Dura-Life™ felt or optional medias are available.
- Operations involving high temperature, high humidity, or chemicals may require special attention and possible custom collector modifications.

Rating and Specification Information

General rating and specification information can be found in the product literature provided with the collector or available on the Donaldson website. For specific load values for a collector, see the Specification Control Drawing shipped with the collector.
**Operation**

During normal operation, for a collector with hopper inlet(s), dust-laden air enters the collector through the hopper inlet located under the filter bags. Airflow is directed 90° upward to the dirty-air plenum. The energy loss from the 90° turn and reduced velocity in the hopper causes heavier particulate to fall directly into the hopper. An inlet baffle helps to more evenly distribute the dust-laden air around the filter bags.

Dust collects on the outside of each filter bag forming a dust-cake that increases filtering efficiency. Clean, filtered air passes through the filter bag to the clean-air plenum and discharges through the clean-air outlet.

The filter bags are pulse-cleaned automatically and sequentially, one row at a time. A timer energizes a solenoid valve causing the corresponding diaphragm valve to send a pulse of compressed air into the blowpipe. The high-pressure compressed air is forced through the center of the filter bags causing the collected dust to fall into the hopper where it is discharged into drums, a screw conveyor, or rotary valves.
**Inspection on Arrival**

1. Inspect collector upon delivery.
2. Report any damage to the delivery carrier.
3. Request a written inspection report from the Claims Inspector to substantiate any damage claim.
4. File claims with the delivery carrier.
5. Compare collector received with description of product ordered.
6. Report incomplete shipments to the delivery carrier and your Donaldson Torit representative.
7. Remove crates and shipping straps. Remove loose components and accessory packages before lifting collector from truck.
8. Check for hardware that may have loosened during shipping.
9. Use caution removing temporary covers.
10. Upon arrival, store filters and cages in a clean and dry location until installed.

**Installation Codes and Procedures**

**CAUTION** Codes may regulate recirculating filtered air in your facility. Consult with the appropriate authorities having jurisdiction to ensure compliance with all national and local codes regarding recirculating filtered air.

Safe and efficient operation of the collector depends on proper installation.

Authorities with jurisdiction should be consulted before installing to verify local codes and installation procedures. In the absence of such codes, install collector according to the National Electric Code, NFPA No. 70-latest edition and NFPA 91 (NFPA 654 if combustible dust is present).

A qualified installation and service agent must complete installation and service of this equipment.

All shipping materials, including shipping covers, must be removed from the collector prior to or during collector installation.

**NOTICE** Failure to remove shipping materials from the collector will compromise collector performance.

Inspect collector to ensure all hardware is properly installed and tight prior to operating collector.

**Installation**

**CAUTION** Use proper equipment and adopt all safety precautions needed for servicing equipment.

Electrical service or maintenance work must be performed by a qualified electrician and comply with all applicable national and local codes.

Turn power off and lock out all power before performing service or maintenance work.

Do not install in classified hazardous atmospheres without an enclosure rated for the application.

Turn compressed air supply OFF, bleed and lock out lines before performing service or maintenance work.

Site selection must account for wind, seismic zone, and other load conditions when selecting the location for collectors.

Codes may regulate acceptable locations for installing dust collectors. Consult with the appropriate authorities having jurisdiction to ensure compliance with all national and local codes regarding dust collector installation.

Collectors must be anchored in a manner consistent with local code requirements. Anchors must be sufficient to support dead, live, seismic, and other anticipated loads.

Consult a qualified engineer for final selection of anchorage.

**NOTICE** Do not set compressed-air pressure above 100-psig as component damage can occur.

All compressed air components must be sized to meet the system requirements of 90-100-psig supply pressure.

The compressed-air supply must be oil and moisture free. Contamination in the compressed air used to clean filters will result in poor cleaning, cleaning valve failure, or poor collector performance.

Purge compressed air lines to remove debris before connecting to the collector’s compressed air manifold.
The collector is suitable for either indoor or outdoor installations. Reference the Rating and Specification Information.

**Foundations or Support Framing**

Prepare the foundation or support framing in the selected location. Foundation or support framing must comply with local code requirements and may require engineering.

Foundation and support framing must be capable of supporting dead, live, wind, seismic and other applicable loads. Consult a qualified engineer for final selection of foundation or support framing.

**Collector Location**

**CAUTION**

Donaldson Torit equipment is not designed to support site installed ducts, interconnecting piping, or electrical services. All ducts, piping, or electrical services must be adequately supported to prevent severe personal injury and/or property damage.

When hazardous conditions or materials are present, consult with local authorities for the proper location of the collector.

Dust collection equipment may reach peak sound pressure levels above 80 dB (A). Noise levels should be considered when selecting collector location.

Locate the collector to ensure easy access to electrical and compressed air connections, to simplify solids collection container handling and routine maintenance, and to ensure the straightest inlet and outlet ducts.

Provide clearance from heat sources and avoid any interference with utilities when selecting the location.

Consider the effects of condensation caused by temperature difference between the process airstream and outdoor temperatures.

Consider forklift access for solid collection container removal.

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**Site Selection**

This collector can be located on a foundation or structural framing.

**Hoisting Information**

**CAUTION** Failure to lift the collector correctly can result in severe personal injury and/or property damage.

Use appropriate lifting equipment and adopt all safety precautions needed for moving and handling the equipment.

A crane or forklift and qualified operator are recommended for unloading, assembly, and installation of the collector.

Location must be clear of all obstructions, such as utility lines or roof overhang.

Use all lifting points provided.

Use clevis connectors, not hooks, on lifting slings.

Use spreader bars to prevent damage to collector’s casing.

Check the Specification Control drawing for weight and dimensions of the collector and components to ensure adequate crane capacity.

Allow only qualified crane or forklift operators to lift the equipment.

Refer to applicable OSHA regulations and local codes when using cranes, forklifts, and other lifting equipment.

Lift collector and accessories separately and assemble after collector is in place.

Use drift pins to align holes in section flanges during assembly.
**Standard Equipment**

Standard equipment consists of subassemblies, leg sets, pyramid or trough hoppers, filter housing, ladder, filter bags and blowpipes.

**Field Assembly**

**CAUTION**

Use proper equipment and adopt all safety precautions needed for servicing equipment.

- Electrical service or maintenance work must be performed by a qualified electrician and comply with all applicable national and local codes.
- Turn power off and lock out all power before performing service or maintenance work.
- Do not install in classified hazardous atmospheres without an enclosure rated for the application.
- Turn compressed air supply OFF, bleed and lock out lines before performing service or maintenance work.

Field assembly of subassemblies may be required due to truck capacity, crane capacity, or specific customer requirements. A detailed instruction drawing, shipped with each assembly, provides specific assembly and/or lifting instructions.

**Hopper and Leg Installation**

**CAUTION**

Anchors must comply with local code requirements and must be capable of supporting dead, live, wind, seismic, and other applicable loads.

Anchor sizes shown are provisional, as final anchor sizing will depend on jobsite load conditions, collector location, foundation/framing design variables and local codes.

Consult a qualified engineer for final selection of anchors.

Reference Typical Foundation Anchor and leg assembly drawing shipped with the collector prior to starting assembly.

1. Prepare the foundation or support framing in the selected location. Locate and install anchors. Install anchor bolts to extend a minimum of 1 3/4-in above foundation.

2. Lift the hopper using a crane.
3. Stand each leg on its pad in position under hopper.
4. Use drift pins to align holes in the hopper gusset with holes in the legs.
5. Secure legs to hopper using bolts, washers, and nuts provided. Do not fully tighten hardware at this time. Do not remove crane.
6. Position and bolt the inside angles of the cross bracing in place using the hardware provided. Do not fully tighten hardware at this time. Do not remove crane.
7. Position and bolt the outside angles of the cross bracing in place using the hardware provided. Do not fully tighten hardware at this time. Do not remove crane.
8. Bolt inside and outside cross braces together where they form an X. Do not fully tighten hardware at this time. Do not remove crane.
9. Repeat steps 6-8 for all bracing locations. Do not fully tighten hardware at this time. Do not remove crane.
10. Lift the hopper and leg assembly and lower slowly over and onto the anchor bolts.
11. Level the hopper at the top flange. Secure leg pads to anchor bolts with the appropriate customer-supplied washers and nuts.
12. Fully tighten all hardware on the gussets, cross braces, and anchor bolts. Recheck level and adjust as necessary.
13. Remove crane.
Provisional Anchor Bolt Recommendations

1. Consider Hilti HIT-HY 200 Anchor System or equivalent. Quantity of anchor bolts should match the number of holes provided in the base plates.
2. Anchor diameter is typically 1/8-in less than baseplate hole diameter.
3. Corrosive environment or outdoor installation may require stainless steel anchors.

Trough Hopper with Stub Legs

1. Trough hoppers have stub legs that can be attached to a structure supplied by Donaldson or by others. The structure must be capable of supporting the entire weight of the collector, plus the weight of the collected material and auxiliary equipment. Wind, seismic, and other live loads must be considered.
2. Using a crane, lift hopper and position over the mounting structure. Align holes in stub legs with holes in the mounting structure and fasten securely.

Filter Housing to Hopper Installation

1. Apply 1/4-in diameter rope-type sealant toward the inside edge of the bolt pattern on the hopper’s top flange.
2. Using a crane, lift the filter housing section and lower slowly. Use drift pins to align the filter housing flange holes with the hopper flange holes. Do not disturb the sealant.
3. Secure flanges using the hardware provided.
4. Remove crane.
5. Inspect all seals in clean air plenum.
   Note: Clear sealant has been used at the roof line.
Typical Installation

Correct Axis Lift

Incorrect Axis Lift

30° Max

60° Min

Hopper and Leg Installation
Steps 1-11

Filter Housing to Hopper Installation
Step 2

Typical Installation
Felt Snap-In Bag Filter Installation

1. Remove the clean-air plenum access doors located on top of the collector.

2. Snap the filter bag into the tubesheet filter hole making certain the groove in the filter bag collar is both centered on the tubesheet and fully ‘expanded’ to engage the tubesheet.

   **NOTICE**  Failure to properly engage the filter bag collar with the tubesheet may result in mechanical dust leakage past the filter bag seal.

3. Align the filter cage and carefully insert cage fully into bag until it firmly seats against the tubesheet. Use care to avoid disengaging the filter bag collar from the tubesheet and avoid damaging the bag when inserting the cage.

   Optional Articulated cages are available for Models 35MBT5, 6, 8 and 54MBT6, 8, and 10. If articulated cages are used, insert the lower half of the cage until the second to the top ring of the bottom half of the cage is above the tubesheet. Insert a bar, or similar object, under the second to the top ring of the bottom half of the cage to support and prevent it from falling into the bag. Place the top half of the cage on top of the bottom half of the cage and exert force to snap the two halves of the cage together. (Be careful to line-up vertical wires of the cage as much as possible as this will aid in cage removal.) Remove the supporting bar.

4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 for all filter bags and cages.

5. Install blowpipes. See Blowpipe Installation.
Pleated Bag Filter Installation

NOTICE  In the case of filters with ePTFE membrane, care should be taken to stack or store the filters in such a manner to prevent or minimize damaging the fragile ePTFE membrane. The iSeal gasket will help protect the pleat tips during installation, but cardboard or other smooth material should cover potential scrape hazards such as door frames and handrails.

In the case of conductive media/filter designs utilizing the iSeal electrically conductive gasket, ensure that the inside diameter of the tubesheet hole is not coated or painted, as this is the area where electrical grounding will occur.

If the filter has a stainless steel ground wire, please see additional instruction sheet shipped with filter for proper attachment of the grounding wire.

1. Remove the filter access doors located on top of the collector

2. Inspect each filter for damage from shipping, storage, or handling.

3. Place the gasket in the tubesheet hole with beveled bottom lip facing downward (the outer top flange with printing should be facing upward) and press the gasket gently into the tubesheet hole by hand. The gasket will self-center and seat. A properly installed gasket will have no deformations around the ID of the gasket and the top flange will be flush against the top of the tubesheet.

4. Place the bottom puck of the filter element inside the gasket and press the filter down through the inside diameter of the gasket.
5. Once the filter is lowered all the way into the gasket, the final sealing of the filter into the gasket will require slow, firm pressure to seat the stepped top down into the gasket and kick out the bottom flange to engage the seal. Stepping on the filter top is acceptable as long as steady, even pressure is applied.
Handrail Installation

**CAUTION**  To avoid possible severe injury or equipment damage do NOT use hand rails or ladders as a lifting point.
Locate ladders to minimize risk of injury from site specific hazards including explosion relief panels.

**NOTICE**  Install the ladder only after the filter housing and hopper assemblies are securely fastened to avoid damaging the ladder.

1. Determine the handrail access point and position the handrails.
2. Remove lift lugs that are attached to the collector and use the hardware from the lift lugs to attach the railing side weldments.
3. Attach the other railing side weldments to the side flanges of the collector using hardware provided.
4. Reference rail pack drawing shipped with collector.
Ladder Installation

⚠️ CAUTION ⚠️  To avoid possible severe injury or equipment damage do NOT use hand rails or ladders as a lifting point.

Locate ladders to minimize risk of injury from site specific hazards including explosion relief panels.

NOTICE  Install the railing and ladder only after the filter housing and hopper assemblies are securely fastened to avoid damaging the platform or ladder.

1. Assemble the ladder on the ground following the assembly drawing provided with the ladder. Tighten all hardware securely.

2. Attach the crane’s lifting slings to the top four ladder rungs.

3. Lift the assembled ladder into position, align holes and secure ladder to the collector using the hardware provided.

4. Position lateral ladder support bracket(s) following the assembly drawing provided with the ladder.

5. Secure bottom of ladder to the ground using anchor bolts.

6. Tighten all hardware.

7. Remove crane.

8. Ladder safety system/personal fall arrest system to be provided by process owner or by others where required.
**Blowpipe Installation**

1. Step onto the tubesheet to install blowpipes.
2. Slide the pipe coupling on the blowpipe.
3. Insert the flat end of the blowpipe into the mounting bracket on the inside of the collector with the blowpipe holes down.
4. Position the open end of the blowpipe against the corresponding pipe stub.
5. Slide the coupling over the pipe stub until it touches the cabinet wall.
6. Tighten both coupling compression caps with a pipe wrench.
7. Reverse sequence to remove.
8. Replace the clean-air plenum access door.

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**Blowpipe Installation Details**

Steps 2-3

Steps 4-5

Blowpipe Installation
Compressed Air Installation

**CAUTION**  
Turn compressed air supply OFF, bleed and lock out lines before performing service or maintenance work.

A safety exhaust valve should be used to isolate the compressed air supply. The safety exhaust valve should completely exhaust pressure in the collector manifolds when closed, be capable of being interlocked with fire or explosion mitigation equipment and should include provisions to allow closed-position locking.

**NOTICE**  
Do not set compressed-air pressure above 100-psig as component damage can occur.

All compressed air components must be sized to meet the system requirements of 90-100-psig supply pressure.

The compressed-air supply must be oil and moisture free. Contamination in the compressed air used to clean filters will result in poor cleaning, cleaning valve failure, or poor collector performance.

Purge compressed-air lines to remove debris before connecting to the collector’s compressed-air manifold.

1. Remove the plastic pipe plug from the collector’s air manifold and connect the compressed-air supply lines. Use thread-sealing tape or pipe sealant on all compressed-air connections.

2. Install a customer-supplied shut-off valve, bleed-type regulator with gauge, filter, and automatic condensate valve in the compressed-air supply line.

3. Set compressed-air supply pressure to a level suitable for the filters (60-70 psig for pleated bags or 90-100 psig for felt bags). The pulse-cleaning controls are factory set to clean one or more filters every 10-seconds during a cleaning cycle.

Electrical Wiring

**CAUTION**  
Electrical installation, service, or maintenance work must be performed by a qualified electrician and comply with all applicable national and local codes.

Turn power off and lock out all power before performing service or maintenance work.

Do not install in classified hazardous atmospheres without an enclosure rated for the application.

All electrical wiring and connections, including electrical grounding, should be made in accordance with the National Electric Code (NFPA No. 70-latest edition).

Check local ordinances for additional requirements that apply.

The appropriate wiring schematic and electrical rating must be used. See collector’s rating plate for required voltage.

An electric disconnect switch having adequate amp capacity shall be installed in accordance with Part IX, Article 430 of the National Electrical Code (NFPA No. 70-latest edition). Check collector’s rating plate for voltage and amperage ratings.

Refer to the wiring diagram for the number of wires required for main power wiring and remote wiring.
Turn power off and lock out electrical power sources.

Turn compressed-air supply OFF and bleed lines before performing service or maintenance work.

*customer-supplied
Solid-State Timer Installation

**CAUTION**

Electrical installation, service or maintenance work during installation must be performed by a qualified electrician and comply with all applicable national and local codes.

Turn power off and lock out all power before performing installation, service, or maintenance work.

Do not install in classified hazardous atmospheres without an enclosure rated for the application.

The solid-state timer is used to control the filter cleaning system. Available options include 10, 20, or 32-pin solenoid valve controls.

1. Using the wiring diagram supplied, wire the fan motor, fan-motor starter, solid-state timer, and solenoid valves. Use appropriate wire gauge for rated amp load as specified by local codes.

2. Plug the program lug into the pin that corresponds with the number of solenoid valves controlled for 3-10 PIN. For 20 and 32 PIN solenoid controls, set the switch positions on the DIP switch labeled LAST CHANNEL to the corresponding number of pulse valves using the chart printed on the timer board.

3. With power supply ON, check the operation of the timer and valves. The valves should open and close sequentially at factory set 10-second intervals.

4. If a gauge or similar device is used to control the solid-state timer, the jumper on the pressure switch portion of the timer should be removed. The solenoid valves pulse only when the differential pressure reaches the high-pressure setpoint. The valves will continue to pulse until the low-pressure setpoint is reached.

**NOTICE**

The solid-state timer voltage must match the voltage of the rating of the timer provided (typically 120 VAC, 240 VAC also available).

Do not mount the solid-state timer directly to the collector as mechanical vibration can damage the timer.

Solenoid Connection

The collector is equipped with electric solenoid valves (typically 120V) that controls the pulse-cleaning valves, which in turn clean the filters.

Solenoid enclosures are mounted near or on the collector’s compressed-air manifold.

Wire the solenoids to the solid-state timer following the wiring diagram supplied with the collector. Filter life and cleaning operation will be affected if not wired correctly.

Timer and Solenoid Specifications

Power to the solid-state timer is supplied to Terminals L1 and L2, which are intended to operate in parallel with the fan starter’s low-voltage coil. On fan start-up, power is supplied to the timer and the preset OFF time is initiated. At the end of the OFF time, the timer energizes the corresponding solenoid valve to provide the ON time cleaning pulse for one diaphragm valve and then steps to the next until all filters have been cleaned.

To pulse when the fan is OFF, install a toggle switch as shown on the Solid-State Timer Wiring Diagram. When the toggle switch is ON, the timer receives power and energizes the solenoid valves’ pulse-cleaning operation even though the fan is turned OFF.
Input
105-135V/50-60Hz/1Ph

Output Solenoids
The load is carried and turned ON and OFF by the 200 watt maximum-load-per-output solid-state switch.

Pulse ON Time
Factory set at 100-milliseconds, or 1/10-second.

**NOTICE**
Do not adjust pulse ON time unless the proper test equipment is available. Too much or too little ON time can cause shortened filter life.

Pulse OFF Time
Factory set at 10-seconds, adjustable from 1.5-sec minimum to maximum 30-seconds.

Operating Temperature Range
-20° F to 130° F

Transient Voltage Protection
50 kW transient volts for 20-millisecond duration once every 20 seconds, 1% duty cycle.

Solenoid Valves
115-Volt at 19.7 watts each

Compressed-Air
Set compressed-air supply pressure to a level suitable for the filters (60-70 psig for pleated bags or 90-100 psig for felt bags). The pulse-cleaning controls are factory set to clean one or more filters every 10-seconds during a cleaning cycle.

**NOTICE**
Do not increase supply pressure above 100-psig as component damage can occur.

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**Solid-State Timer Typical Wiring Diagram**

Disconnect, fuses, low voltage blower starter, and 1TGS switch are customer-supplied.
Use wiring diagram provided with collector.
Preliminary Start-Up Check

Instruct all personnel on safe use and maintenance procedures.

**CAUTION** Electrical work during installation, service or maintenance must be performed by a qualified electrician and comply with all applicable national and local codes.

- Turn power off and lock out all power before performing service or maintenance work.
- Turn compressed air supply OFF, bleed and lock out lines before performing service or maintenance work.
- Check that the collector is clear and free of all debris before starting.
- Do not install in classified hazardous atmospheres without an enclosure rated for the application.
- Optional fans over 600 lbs must be independently supported.

1. Check all electrical connections for tightness and contact.
2. Check for proper rotation on all motors as described below.
   - To reverse rotation, single-phase power supply: Follow manufacturer’s instructions on the motor’s nameplate.
   - To reverse rotation, three-phase power supply: Switch any two leads on the motor junction box.

**CAUTION** Do not look into fan outlet to determine rotation. View the fan rotation through the back of the motor.

- Check that the exhaust plenum is free of tools or debris before checking blower/fan rotation.
- Stand clear of exhaust to avoid personal injury.
- Do not interchange a power lead with the ground wire. Severe personal injury and/or property damage may result.

3. All access panels should be sealed and secure.
4. Check that the dust container is properly sealed and clamped.

5. Check that fan exhaust damper is set to the fully-closed position.
6. Check and remove all loose items in or near the inlet and outlet of the collector.
7. Check that all remote controls and solenoid enclosures (if applicable) are properly wired and all service switches are in the OFF position.
8. Check that all optional accessories are installed properly and secured.
9. Turn power ON at source.
10. Turn the compressed-air supply ON. Set compressed-air supply pressure to a level suitable for the filters (60-70 psig for pleated bags or 90-100 psig for felt bags).
11. Turn fan motor ON.
12. Adjust airflow with the exhaust damper.

**NOTICE** Excess airflow can shorten filter life, cause electrical system failure and fan motor failure.

13. Turn powered hopper discharge devices ON.
Maintenance Information

Instruct all personnel on safe use and maintenance procedures.

**CAUTION**

Use proper equipment and adopt all safety precautions needed for servicing equipment.

Use appropriate access equipment and procedures. Note the standard collector is not equipped with access platforms unless noted on the specification drawings.

Electrical service or maintenance work must be performed by a qualified electrician and comply with all applicable national and local codes.

Turn power off and lock out all power before performing service or maintenance work.

Do not install in classified hazardous atmospheres without an enclosure rated for the application.

Turn compressed air supply OFF, bleed and lock out lines before performing service or maintenance work.

Do not set compressed-air pressure above 100-psig as component damage can occur.

All compressed air components must be sized to meet the system requirements of 90-100 psig supply pressure.

The compressed-air supply must be oil and moisture free. Contamination in the compressed air used to clean filters will result in poor cleaning, cleaning valve failure, or poor collector performance.

Purge compressed air lines to remove debris before connecting to the collector’s compressed air manifold.

Operational Checklist

1. Monitor the physical condition of the collector and repair or replace any damaged components.

   Routine inspections will minimize downtime and maintain optimum system performance. This is particularly important on continuous-duty applications.

2. Periodically check the compressed air components and replace compressed air filters.

   Drain moisture following the manufacturer’s instructions. With the compressed air supply ON, check the cleaning valves, solenoid valves, and tubing for leaks. Replace as necessary.


   Abnormal changes in pressure drop may indicate a change in operating conditions and possibly a fault to be corrected. For example, prolonged lack of compressed air will cause an excess build-up of dust on the filters resulting in increased pressure drop. Cleaning off-line with no airflow usually restores the filters to normal pressure drop.


5. Monitor dust disposal.

Filter Removal and Installation

**CAUTION**

Use proper safety and protective equipment when removing contaminants and filters.

Dirty filters may be heavier than they appear.

Use care when removing filters to avoid personal injury and/or property damage.

Turn power off and lock out all power before performing service or maintenance work.

Turn compressed air supply OFF, bleed and lock out lines before performing service or maintenance work.

Do not operate with missing or damaged filters.

Felt Snap-In Bag Filter Removal

1. Turn power to collector OFF.

2. Open the access door and remove blowpipes. See Blowpipe Installation.
3. Optional Articulated cages are available for Models 35MBT5, 6, 8 and 54MBT6, 8, and 10. If articulated cages are used, insert the lower half of the cage until the second to the top ring of the bottom half of the cage is above the tubesheet. Insert a bar, or similar object, under the second to the top ring of the bottom half of the cage to support and prevent it from falling into the bag. Place the top half of the cage on top of the bottom half of the cage and exert force to snap the two halves of the cage together. (Be careful to line up vertical wires of the cage as much as possible as this will aid in cage removal.) Remove the supporting bar.

4. Grasp the filter bag collar firmly on the seamed side and pull away from the tubesheet.

5. Push the filter bag down through the tubesheet carefully.

6. Remove filter bags from hopper and dispose of properly.

---

**NOTICE**  
Failure to properly engage the filter bag collar with the tubesheet may result in mechanical dust leakage past the filter bag seal.

3. Align the filter cage and carefully insert cage fully into bag until it firmly seats against the tubesheet. Use care to avoid disengaging the filter bag collar from the tubesheet and avoid damaging the bag when inserting the cage.

Optional Articulated cages are available for Models 35MBT5, 6, 8 and 54MBT6, 8, and 10. If articulated cages are used, insert the lower half of the cage until the second to the top ring of the bottom half of the cage is above the tubesheet. Insert a bar, or similar object, under the second to the top ring of the bottom half of the cage to support and prevent it from falling into the bag. Place the top half of the cage on top of the bottom half of the cage and exert force to snap the two halves of the cage together. (Be careful to line up vertical wires of the cage as much as possible as this will aid in cage removal.) Remove the supporting bar.

4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 for all filter bags and cages.

5. Install blowpipes. See Blowpipe Installation.
Pleated Bag Filter Removal

1. Turn power to collector OFF.
2. Place filter removal tool into the top of the pleated bag and rock it side to side. This will loosen the pleated bag from the tubesheet. Lift to remove pleated bag from the tubesheet.
3. Clean the tubesheet plate and clean air plenum (CAP) to remove all residual dust.
4. Inspect the tubesheet holes for build up or corrosion and use a wire brush to remove buildup of any material that may interfere with the filter seal.

Pleated Bag Filter Installation

**NOTICE**

In the case of filters with ePTFE membrane, care should be taken to stack or store the filters in such a manner to prevent or minimize damaging the fragile ePTFE membrane. The iSeal gasket will help protect the pleat tips during installation, but cardboard or other smooth material should cover potential scrape hazards such as door frames and handrails.

In the case of conductive media/filter designs utilizing the iSeal electrically conductive gasket, ensure that the inside diameter of the tubesheet hole is not coated or painted, as this is the area where electrical grounding will occur.

If the filter has a stainless steel ground wire, please see additional instruction ground sheet shipped with filter for proper attachment of the grounding wire.

1. Remove the filter access doors located on top of the collector.
2. Inspect each filter for damage from shipping, storage, or handling.
3. Place the gasket in the tubesheet hole with beveled bottom lip facing downward (the outer top flange with printing should be facing upward) and press the gasket gently into the tubesheet hole by hand. The gasket will self-center and seat. A properly installed gasket will have no deformations around the ID of the gasket and the top flange will be flush against the top of the tubesheet.
4. Place the bottom puck of the filter element inside the gasket and press the filter down through the inside diameter of the gasket.

5. Once the filter is lowered all the way into the gasket, the final sealing of the filter into the gasket will require slow, firm pressure to seat the stepped top down into the gasket and kick out the bottom flange to engage the seal. Stepping on the filter top is acceptable as long as steady, even pressure is applied.
**Blowpipe Installation**

1. Step onto the tubesheet to install blowpipes.
2. Slide the pipe coupling on the blowpipe.
3. Insert the flat end of the blowpipe into the mounting bracket on the inside of the collector with the blowpipe holes down.
4. Position the open end of the blowpipe against the corresponding pipe stub.
5. Slide the coupling over the pipe stub until it touches the cabinet wall.
6. Tighten both coupling compression caps with a pipe wrench.
7. Reverse sequence to remove.
8. Replace the clean-air plenum access door.
Dust Disposal

**NOTICE**

To avoid possible damage to the fan motor, maintain a seal below the collector if servicing the dust storage device while the fan is running.

1. Empty dust container(s) (drum or bin) as necessary to minimize dust in the hopper.
2. If the optional 55-gallon drum attachment is used, empty when dust container is 2/3 full.
3. If optional slide gate is used, close gate before servicing dust container.

**CAUTION**

Sharp edge of slide gate may result in personal injury while closing the slide gate. Keep hands clear when operating the slide gate.

4. Check integrity of gasket under drum cover.
5. Replace or reinstall dust container and open gate (if applicable).

Compressed Air Components

1. Periodically check the compressed air components and replace damaged or worn components as necessary.
2. Drain moisture following the manufacturer’s instructions.
3. With the compressed-air supply ON, check the cleaning valves, solenoid valves, and tubing for leaks. Repair or replace as necessary.
Optional Equipment

Fan Blower

**CAUTION** Failure to lift the fan correctly can result in severe personal injury and/or property damage.

Use appropriate lifting equipment and adopt all safety precautions needed for moving and handling the fan.

A crane or forklift and qualified operator are recommended for unloading, assembly, and installation of the fan.

Location must be clear of all obstructions, such as utility lines or roof overhang.

To avoid personal injury and/or damage to equipment, ensure fan blowers are properly attached to equipment.

**NOTICE** The use of a damper or variable fan drive (VFD) is required to control airflow through the collector. Lack of a control damper or VFD will shorten filter life.

The collector can accept direct mounted fan blowers, Torit Backward Inclined (TBI) or Torit Radial Blade (TRB), to the top or side of the collector.

Fans are dynamically balanced and tested at operating speeds to check for conformance to vibration limits. All fans must be adequately supported for smooth operation.

For complete information, see the most current version of the TBI or TRB Fan Installation, Operation and Maintenance manual.

**Side Mount TBI or TRB Fan Blower**

For complete information, see the most current version of the TBI or TRB Fan Installation, Operation and Maintenance manuals.

**Side Mount Adaptor**

The side mount adaptor is available for the 36MBT5, 6, 8, 54MBT6, 8, 10, 81MBT8, 10, 108MBT8, 10, and 162MBT8. The adaptor allows a TBI fan blower to be mounted directly to the modular baghouse outlet on the rear of the collector housing. It is not designed to be mounted on the outlet of the walk-in plenum. Field assembly of the adaptor is required. This allows the adaptor to be assembled to the outlet location of the customer’s choosing.

1. Remove the collector outlet cover.
2. Fasten the adaptor to the collector outlet using the hardware and sealant provided.
3. Mount the fan blower to the adaptor following the instructions in the most current version of the TBI Fan Installation, Operation and Maintenance manual.
55-Gallon Drum Pack

The drum pack is designed to fit a customer-supplied, standard 55-gallon drum and provides easy access for dust removal and disposal. A flexible hose connects the drum cover to the hopper. Placing a pallet under the drum allows heavier materials to be moved quickly using a forklift or pallet jack. If a pallet is used, the length of flexible hose may need to be shortened.

**CAUTION** Sharp edge of slide gate may result in personal injury while closing the slide gate. Keep hands clear when operating the slide gate.

With Slide Gate

1. Place the 1/8-in gasket spacer between the hopper flange and slide gate as shown.
2. Attach the drum pack and slide gate to the hopper flange using 3/8-16 bolts, washers, and hex nuts.
3. Attach the drum cover to the 55-gallon drum.
4. Use latches to secure the cover to the drum, if equipped.
5. Connect the flexible hose between the drum cover and slide gate. Secure with hose clamps.

Without Slide Gate

1. Place 1/4-in diameter rope-type sealant between the hopper flange and the drum cover mounting flange toward the inside edge of the bolt pattern.
2. Fasten using the bolts, washers, and nuts supplied.
3. Attach the drum cover to the 55-gallon drum.
4. Use latches to secure the cover to the drum, if equipped.
5. Connect the flexible hose between the drum cover and the adapter. Secure with hose clamps.
55-Gallon Drum Pack with Slide Gate

- 3/8-16 bolt
- flat washer
- lock washer
- 3/8-16 hex nut
- flexible hose
- hose clamp
- optional latch
- hopper flange
- 1/8-in gasket spacer
- slide gate
- drum cover
- customer-supplied 55-gallon drum

55-Gallon Drum Pack without Slide Gate

- 3/8-16 bolt
- flat washer
- lock washer
- 3/8-16 hex nut
- flexible hose
- hose clamp
- optional latch
- hopper flange
- adapter
- 1/4-in diameter rope-type sealant
- drum cover
- customer-supplied 55-gallon drum
Rotary Valve and Transition

Rotating blades can cause serious injury.
Turn power off and lock out all power before performing service or maintenance work.
Keep hands, feet and loose clothing away from both inlet and outlet openings to avoid injury or damage when valve is operating.

**NOTICE**
Optional discharge devices may require independent support.
Discharge devices over 800 lbs. must be independently supported.

Rotary Valves are used to maintain a seal on the hopper outlet while material is discharged from the hopper. A transition allows a valve to be connected to the hopper discharge when there is a size difference between the hopper and the valve.

**Diagram:**
- Hopper flange
- Transition
- Hex nut
- Flat washer
- 3/8-16 bolt
- Flat washer
- 1/4-in diameter rope type sealant placed inside bolt pattern
- Rotary airlock

Rotary Valve and Transition
Magnehelic® Gauge

The Magnehelic is a differential pressure gauge used to measure the pressure difference between the clean-air and dirty-air plenums and provides a visual display of filter change requirements. The high-pressure tap is located in the dirty-air plenum and the low-pressure tap is located in the clean-air plenum.

1. Choose a convenient, accessible location on or near the collector for mounting that provides the best visual advantage.

2. Plug the pressure ports on the back of the gauge using two, 1/8-in NPT pipe plugs supplied. Install two, 1/8-in NPT male adapters supplied with the gauge into the high- and low-pressure ports on the side of the gauges.

3. Attach the mounting bracket using three, #6-32 x 1/4-in screws supplied.

4. Mount the gauge and bracket assembly to the supporting structure using two, self-drilling screws.

5. Thirty-five feet of plastic tubing is supplied and must be cut in two sections. Connect one section of tubing from the gauge’s high-pressure port to the pressure fitting located in the dirty-air plenum. Connect remaining tubing from the gauge’s low-pressure port to the fitting in the clean-air plenum. Additional tubing can be ordered from your representative.

6. Zero and maintain the gauge as directed in the manufacturer’s Operating and Maintenance Instructions provided.
Photohelic® Gauge

**CAUTION**

Electrical installation, service, or maintenance work must be performed by a qualified electrician and comply with all applicable national and local codes.

Turn power off and lock out all power before performing service or maintenance work.

Do not install in classified hazardous atmospheres without an enclosure rated for the application.

The Photohelic combines the functions of a differential pressure gauge and a pressure-based switch. The gauge function measures the pressure difference between the clean-air and dirty-air plenums and provides a visual display of filter condition. The high-pressure tap is located in the dirty-air plenum and a low-pressure tap is located in the clean-air plenum. The pressure-based switch function provides high-pressure ON and low-pressure OFF control of the filter cleaning system.

1. Choose a convenient, accessible location on or near the collector for mounting that provides the best visual advantage.
2. Mount the gauge to the remote panel or door using the mounting ring, retaining ring, and four #6-32 x 1 1/4-in screws. Do not tighten screws. Connect two, 1/8-in NPT x 1/4-in OD male adapters to the gauge’s high- and low-pressure ports. Tighten screws.
3. On the back of the gauge, remove four #6-32 x 5/16-in screws and plastic enclosure. Set aside. Add two jumper wires supplied by customer. Remove the jumper from the pressure switch located on the timer board, if equipped. Using the 3/4-in conduit opening, wire the gauge as shown. Reassemble and fasten enclosure securely.
4. Thirty-five feet of plastic tubing is supplied and must be cut in two sections. Connect one section of tubing from the gauge’s high-pressure port to the pressure fitting located in the dirty-air plenum. Connect remaining tubing from the gauge’s low-pressure port to the fitting in the clean-air plenum. Additional tubing can be ordered from your representative.
5. Zero and maintain the gauge as directed in the manufacturer’s Operating and Maintenance Instructions provided.
6. To install the Photohelic Gauge mounted in a NEMA 4, Weatherproof Enclosure, follow Steps 4 and 5.

![Photohelic Gauge Wiring Diagram](image)

Note:
For use with solid-state timer only. All parts, except the mounting bracket shown in the Photohelic Gauge Standard Installation drawing are included with the NEMA 4, Weatherproof Enclosure.
Photohelic Gauge Installation
Delta P Control

For complete information, see the most current version of the Delta P Installation, Operation, and Maintenance manual.

Description

The Delta P Controller monitors the differential pressure between the clean-air and dirty-air plenums, providing a visual display of the filter condition. When combined with a pulse timer, it manages the pressure drop by turning the cleaning mechanism On and Off at the chosen limits. There are three (3) set points: High Pressure On, Low Pressure Off, and Alarm. The first two, High Pressure On and Low Pressure Off, control the filter cleaning system. The third, Alarm, provides a relay output to activate an external alarm supplied by others.

Operation

Normal

The Delta P Controller monitors the pressure in the clean-air and dirty-air air plenums while the collector is running. The blower draws air through the filters, creating a pressure drop. The Delta P Controller measures the pressure drop and provides a visual display in inches water gauge or metric (SI) units of daPa.

Filter Cleaning

When the pressure drop across the filters reaches the High Pressure On setpoint, the controller closes an output relay allowing a timer to trigger the cleaning valves sequentially. When the controller senses that the pressure drop has decreased to the Low Pressure Off setpoint, the relay opens and the cleaning cycle stops. This sequence continues as long as the collector is in use, maintaining the pressure drop within a narrow range.

For collectors with pleated bags, it is recommended that the low setpoint be set to no lower than 0.5” w.g. below the high setpoint.

Alarm

The Alarm setpoint is set to a higher setting than the High Pressure On setpoint used to start the filter cleaning cycle. It indicates situations when the cleaning system cannot reduce the pressure drop due to cleaning system failure, lack of compressed air, or the end of the filter’s useful life. There is a time delay prior to setting the Alarm to prevent nuisance trips. The Delta P Controller also provides an input connection for a remote alarm reset.

Delta P Control Display
Delta P Plus Control

For complete information, see the most current version of the Delta P Plus Installation, Operation, and Maintenance manual.

Description

The Delta P Plus Controller monitors the differential pressure between the clean-air and dirty-air plenums, providing a visual display of the filter condition. When combined with a pulse timer, it manages the pressure drop by turning the cleaning mechanism On and Off at the chosen limits. There are three (3) set points: High Pressure On, Low Pressure Off, and Alarm. The first two, High Pressure On and Low Pressure Off, control the filter cleaning system. The third, Alarm, provides a relay output to activate an external alarm supplied by others.

The user can program the Delta P Plus Controller to pulse while the collector is running, to maintain a relatively constant pressure drop across the filters, pulse only after the collector is shut down (after-shift cleaning), or a combination of both, cleaning while running as well as end of the shift.

Operation

Normal

The Delta P Plus Controller monitors the pressure on both sides of the tubesheet while the collector is running. As air flows through the filters, the resistance of the media and collected dust creates a pressure difference or “drop” between the dirty and clean air plenums. The Delta P Plus Controller measures the pressure drop and provides a visual display in inches water gauge or metric (SI) units of daPa.

Filter Cleaning

The Delta P Plus Controller offers three filter cleaning options.

1. Differential Pressure Cleaning (DFF) - When the pressure drop across the filters reaches the Controller’s High Pressure On setpoint, the Controller closes an output relay allowing a sequential timer to trigger the cleaning valves. When the Controller senses that the pressure drop has decreased to the Low Pressure Off setpoint, the relay opens and the cleaning cycle stops. This sequence continues as long as the collector is in use, maintaining the pressure drop within a narrow range.

2. Downtime Cleaning (DTC) - The Delta P Plus Controller monitors the collection system. When the pressure drop exceeds the Low Pressure Off set point and then approaches zero again, the Delta P Plus Controller runs a delay timer to allow the blower to come to a stop and then engages the cleaning mechanism for a preselected time.

3. Combined Differential and Downtime Cleaning (ALL) - The Delta P Plus Controller combines the two functions described above; maintaining the pressure drop in a narrow band and downtime cleaning the filters when the collector is shut down. The downtime cleaning function can be toggled On or Off from the keyboard.

For collectors with pleated bags, it is recommended that the low setpoint be set to no lower than 0.5” w.g. below the high setpoint.

Alarm

The Alarm setpoint is set to a higher setting than the High Pressure On used to start the filter cleaning cycle. It indicates situations when the cleaning system cannot reduce the pressure drop due to cleaning system failure, lack of compressed air, or the end of the filter’s useful life. There is a time delay prior to setting the Alarm to prevent nuisance trips. The Delta P Plus Controller also provides an input connection for a remote Alarm reset.

![Delta P Plus Control Display](image-url)
Dumpster Pack

The dumpster, cover, and all associated hardware are provided as a complete pack. This includes a flex hose to connect dumpster lid to hopper and guides to locate dumpster in correct position under the hopper.

Installation

1. Fully install dust collector as outlined in the IOM and installation drawings.
2. Install dumpster guides as illustrated in the dump hopper and leg pack drawing and arrangement drawings shipped with the Dumpster Pack.
3. Place lid on dumpster then place dumpster under hopper. Install flex hose to hopper bottom.
4. Place pivot rod through lid and leg pivot point. Be sure to place shaft collars as illustrated.

5. Mount pneumatic cylinders. Run tubing to control valve after installing control valve in convenient location.
6. Connect a compressed air source to the pneumatic control valve.
7. Connect flex hose from the hopper to the dumpster lid and tighten using hose clamp.

Operation

**CAUTION** Improper operation or installation of dumpster pack can lead to injury.

1. Lift lid by moving valve lever until lid is totally separated from dumpster.
2. Lift dumpster with fork lift. Use caution when clearing lid.
3. Empty dumpster.
4. Return dumpster and position correctly.
5. Use caution closing lid. Watch for pinch points.
6. Secure lid with locked clamps (if equipped).
Cold Climate Kit

**CAUTION** Electrical installation, service, or maintenance work must be performed by a qualified electrician and comply with all applicable national and local codes.

Turn power off and lock out all power before performing service or maintenance work.

Do not install in classified hazardous atmospheres without an enclosure rated for the application.

A cold climate kit provides heat to the pulse valves to prevent cold weather freeze up. The basic kit, for use in applications that have a moderate amount of moisture in the compressed-air supply, consists of a small heating element and thermostat installed in the solenoid enclosure. The basic kit is factory-installed and supplied with the appropriate solenoid wiring instructions.

A heavy-duty kit is available for applications that have moderate-to-high amounts of moisture in the compressed-air supply and consists of the basic kit plus a heat cable to deliver heat to the large pulse valves. This kit is customer-installed and detailed installation instructions are provided.

1. Install the power connection kit on the heat cable following the manufacturer's instructions.
2. Start with the upper right-hand valve, wrap heat cable around the valve as shown in Detail A. Pull heat cable tight.
3. Position a 3-in hose clamp around the double wrapped heat cable and tighten securely.
4. Secure junction box to manifold using two, 8-in hose clamps wrapped around the standoff.
5. Wrap 6-ft of pipe insulation tape around each heat-cable wrapped valve. Wrap the entire valve, double wrapping the hose-clamped heat cable. Secure with cable ties.
**Explosion Vent**

**CAUTION**

Personal injury, death, and/or property damage can result from material discharge during venting.

The material discharged during the venting of an explosion must be safely directed outdoors away from areas occupied by personnel to reduce risk of personal injury and/or property damage.

The risk of personal injury and/or property damage can be minimized or avoided by locating vented equipment outside buildings and away from normally occupied areas.

Explosion vents should be inspected regularly to confirm physical and operational condition. Replace any damaged parts immediately.

Standard explosion vents are intended for outdoor installations only.

Unless otherwise noted, the explosion venting calculations are based on formulas from NFPA-68 for outdoor applications only, with no duct or obstructions on the explosion vent panel.

Contact Donaldson Torit for assistance in calculating specific venting requirements for equipment.

NFPA 68 can provide guidance on both the frequency of and appropriate details for inspections.

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**Sprinkler**

**CAUTION**

Sprinklers can place a large quantity of water in the dust collector when activated. Provide adequate drainage to remove water. Excess water weight can cause the leg structure to collapse.

**NOTICE**

Consult with local authorities when installing fire control systems on dust collection equipment.

Sprinkler couplings are provided for the convenience of fire control system installers. The fire control system installer shall make their own decisions on the appropriate location of fire control system components.
Flood Valve Installation

1. Remove the hopper access cover and set aside.
2. Align holes in flood valve access cover with holes in hopper and secure using the flat washers and hex nuts removed in Step 1.
3. Tighten all hardware securely.
## Troubleshooting

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<th>Probable Cause</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
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<td>Improper motor wire size</td>
<td>Rewire using the correct wire gauge as specified by national and local codes.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not wired correctly</td>
<td>Check and correct motor wiring for supply voltage. See motor manufacturer’s wiring diagram. Follow wiring diagram and the National Electric Code.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Collector not wired for available voltage</td>
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<td>Check power supply to motor circuit on all leads.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Check power supply circuit for proper voltage. Check for fuse or circuit breaker fault. Replace as necessary.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Damaged motor</td>
<td>Replace damaged motor.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Fan blower and motor start, but do not stay running</strong></td>
<td>Incorrect motor starter installed</td>
<td>Check for proper motor starter and replace if necessary.</td>
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<td>Access doors are open or not closed tight</td>
<td>Close and tighten access doors. See Filter Installation.</td>
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<td>Hopper discharge open</td>
<td>Check that dust container is installed and properly sealed.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Damper control not adjusted properly</td>
<td>Check proper airflow in duct. Adjust damper control until proper airflow is achieved and the blower motor’s amp draw is within the manufacturer’s rated amps.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Electrical circuit overload</td>
<td>Check that the power supply circuit has sufficient power to run all equipment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Clean-air outlet discharging dust</strong></td>
<td>Filters not installed correctly</td>
<td>See Filter Installation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Filter damage, dents in the end caps, gasket damage, or holes in media</td>
<td>Replace filters as necessary. Use only genuine Donaldson replacement parts. See Filter Installation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Access cover(s) loose</td>
<td>Tighten access doors securely. See Filter Installation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Insufficient airflow</strong></td>
<td>Fan rotation backwards</td>
<td>Proper fan rotation is clockwise when viewed from the motor side or counterclockwise when viewed through the inlet cone. See Preliminary Start-Up Check.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Access doors open or not closed tight</td>
<td>Check that all access doors are in place and secured. Check that the hopper discharge opening is sealed and that dust container is installed correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fan exhaust area restricted</td>
<td>Check fan exhaust area for obstructions. Remove material or debris. Adjust damper flow control.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Filters need replacement</td>
<td>Remove and replace using genuine Donaldson replacement filters. See Filter Removal and Installation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Problem</td>
<td>Probable Cause</td>
<td>Remedy</td>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>Insufficient airflow continued</td>
<td>Lack of compressed air</td>
<td>See the Specification Control Drawing shipped with the collector for compressed air supply requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pulse cleaning not energized</td>
<td>Use a voltmeter to check the solenoid valves in the control panel. Check pneumatic lines for kinks or obstructions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dust storage area overfilled or plugged</td>
<td>Clean out dust storage area. See Dust Disposal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pulse valves leaking compressed air</td>
<td>Lock out all electrical power to the collector and bleed the compressed air supply. Check for debris, valve wear, pneumatic tubing fault, or diaphragm failure by removing the diaphragm cover on the pulse valves. Check for solenoid leaks or damage. If pulse valves or solenoid valves and tubing are damaged, replace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Solid-State timer failure</td>
<td>Using a voltmeter, check supply voltage to the timer board. Check and replace the fuse on the timer board if necessary. If the fuse is good and input power is present but output voltage to the solenoid is not, replace the timer board. See Solid-State Timer Installation.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Solid-State timer out of adjustment</td>
<td>See Solid-State Timer and Solid-State Timer Wiring Diagram.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No display on the Delta P Controller</td>
<td>No power to the controller</td>
<td>Use a voltmeter to check for supply voltage.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fuse blown</td>
<td>Check the fuse in the control panel. See wiring diagram inside the control panel. Replace if necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display on Delta P Controller does not read zero when at rest</td>
<td>Out of calibration</td>
<td>Recalibrate as described in Delta P Maintenance Manual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>With collector discharging outside, differential pressure is present from indoor to outdoor</td>
<td>Recalibrate with the pressure tubing attached as described in the Delta P Maintenance Manual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta P Controller ON, but cleaning system does not start</td>
<td>Pressure tubing disconnected, ruptured, or plugged</td>
<td>Check tubing for kinks, breaks, contamination, or loose connections.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not wired to the timing board correctly</td>
<td>Connect the pressure switch on the timer board to Terminals 7 and 8 on TB3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Faulty relay</td>
<td>Using a multimeter, test relay for proper closure. Replace if necessary.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Troubleshooting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Probable Cause</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pulse cleaning never stops</td>
<td>Pressure switch not wired to the timer board correctly</td>
<td>Connect the pressure switch on the timer board to Terminals 7 and 8 on TB3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pressure switch terminals on the timer board jumpered</td>
<td>Remove jumper wire on Solid-State Timer board before wiring to the Delta P Control.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>High Pressure On or Low Pressure Off setpoint not adjusted for system conditions</td>
<td>Adjust setpoints to current conditions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pressure tubing disconnected, ruptured, plugged, or kinked</td>
<td>Check tubing for kinks, breaks, contamination, or loose connections.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Alarm light is ON</td>
<td>Alarm setpoint too low</td>
<td>Adjust to a higher value.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Excess pressure drop</td>
<td>Check cleaning system and compressed air supply. Replace filters if filters do not clean down.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pressure tubing disconnected, ruptured, plugged, or kinked</td>
<td>Check tubing for kinks, breaks, contamination, or loose connections.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Delta P arrow keys do not work</td>
<td>Improper operation</td>
<td>Press and hold one of the three setpoint keys to use arrow keys.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Programming keys disabled</td>
<td>Remove the Program Disable jumper from Terminals 3 and 4 on TB2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleaning light is ON, but cleaning system not functioning</td>
<td>Improper wiring</td>
<td>Check wiring between the Delta P Control and the timer board, and between the timer board and solenoid valve coils.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Defective solenoids</td>
<td>Check all solenoid coils for proper operation.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Timer board not powered</td>
<td>Check power ON light on timer board’s LED display. If not illuminated, check the supply voltage to the timer board. Check the fuse on the timer board. Replace if necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Timer board defective</td>
<td>If LED is illuminated, observe the output display. Install a temporary jumper across the pressure switch terminals. Output levels should flash in sequence. Check output using a multimeter set to 150-Volt AC range. Measure from SOL COM to a solenoid output. The needle will deflect when LED flashes for that output if voltage is present. If LED’s do not flash, or if no voltage is present at output terminals during flash, replace the board.</td>
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### Product Information
(Process Owner to complete and retain for your records)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Model Number</td>
<td>Serial Number</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ship Date</td>
<td>Installation Date</td>
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<tr>
<td>Filter Type</td>
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<td>Collected Dust</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dust Properties:</td>
<td>Kst  Pmax  MIE  MEC</td>
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<tr>
<td>Accessories</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other</td>
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<td>Date</td>
<td>Service Performed</td>
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Donaldson Industrial Air Filtration Warranty

Donaldson warrants to the original purchaser only that the Goods will be free from defects in material and manufacture for the applicable time periods stated below: (1) Major structural components for a period of ten (10) years from the date of shipment; (2) Non-Structural, Donaldson-built components and accessories including Donaldson Airlocks, TBI Fans, TRB Fans, Fume Collector products, Donaldson built electrical control components, and Donaldson-built Afterfilter housings for a period of twelve (12) months from date of shipment; and (3) Donaldson-built filter elements for a period of eighteen (18) months from date of shipment.

Buyer is solely responsible for determining if goods fit Buyer’s particular purpose and are suitable for Buyer’s process and application. Seller’s statements, engineering and technical information, and recommendations are provided for the Buyer’s convenience and the accuracy or completeness thereof is not warranted. If, after Seller receives written notice, within the warranty period, that any goods allegedly do not meet Seller’s warranty, and Seller, in its sole discretion, determines that such claim is valid, Seller’s sole obligation and Buyer’s exclusive remedy for breach of the foregoing warranty or any Seller published warranty, will be, at Seller’s option, either: (i) repair or replacement of such goods or (ii) credit or refund to Buyer for the purchase price from Seller. In the case of repair or replacement, Seller will be responsible for the cost of shipping the parts but not for labor to remove, repair, replace or reinstall the allegedly defective goods. Refurbished goods may be used to repair or replace the goods and the warranty on such repaired or replaced goods shall be the balance of the warranty remaining on the goods which were repaired or replaced. Any repair or rework made by anyone other than Seller is not permitted without prior written authorization by Seller, and voids the warranty set forth herein. Seller warrants to Buyer that it will perform services in accordance with the Sales Documents using personnel of required skill, experience and qualifications and in a professional and workmanlike manner in accordance with generally recognized industry standards for similar services. With respect to any services subject to a claim under the warranty set forth above, Seller shall, in its sole discretion, (i) repair or re-perform the applicable services or (ii) credit or refund the price of such services at the pro rata contract rate and such shall be Seller’s sole obligation and the exclusive remedy for breach of the foregoing warranty on services. Products manufactured by a third party (“Third Party Product”) may constitute, contain, be contained in, incorporated into, attached to or packaged together with, the goods. Buyer agrees that: (a) Third Party Products are excluded from Seller’s warranty in this Section 7 and carry only the warranty extended by the original manufacturer, and (b) Seller’s liability in all cases is limited to goods of Seller’s design and manufacture only, EXCEPT FOR SELLER’S WARRANTY OF TITLE TO THE GOODS, SELLER EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS AND EXcludes ALL OTHER WARRANTIES WHATSOEVER, WHETHER, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, ORAL, STATUTORY, OR OTHERWISE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY AND ANY WARRANTIES ARISING FROM TECHNICAL ADVICE OR RECOMMENDATIONS, COURSE OF DEALING OR OF PERFORMANCE, CUSTOM OR USAGE OF TRADE. Seller’s obligations do not cover normal wear and tear or deterioration, defects in or damage to any goods resulting from improper installation, accident or any utilization, maintenance, repair or modification of the goods, or any use that is inconsistent with Seller’s instructions as to the storage, installation, commissioning or use of the goods or the designed capabilities of the goods or that, in its sole judgment, the performance or reliability thereof is adversely affected thereby, or which is subjected to abuse, mishandling, misuse or neglect or any damage caused by connections, interfacing or use in unforeseen or unintended environments or any other cause not the sole fault of Seller, and shall be at Buyer’s expense. Seller’s warranty is contingent upon the accuracy of all information provided by Buyer. Any changes to or inaccuracies in any information or data provided by Buyer voids this warranty. Seller does not warrant that the operation of the goods will be uninterrupted or error-free, that the functions of the goods will meet Buyer’s or its customer’s requirements unless specifically agreed to, or that the goods will operate in combination with other products selected by Buyer or Buyer’s customer for its use.

The terms of this warranty may only be modified by a special warranty document signed by a Director, General Manager or Vice President of Donaldson. To ensure proper operational performance of your equipment, use only genuine Donaldson replacement parts.

This Product is provided subject to and conditioned upon Donaldson’s Terms of Sale (“Terms”), a current copy of which is located at termsofsale.donaldson.com. These Terms are incorporated herein by reference. By purchasing or using this Product, the user accepts these Terms. The Terms are available on our website or by calling our customer service line at 1-800-365-1331.
Significantly improve the performance of your collector with genuine Donaldson Torit replacement filters and parts. **Call Donaldson Torit at 800-365-1331.**