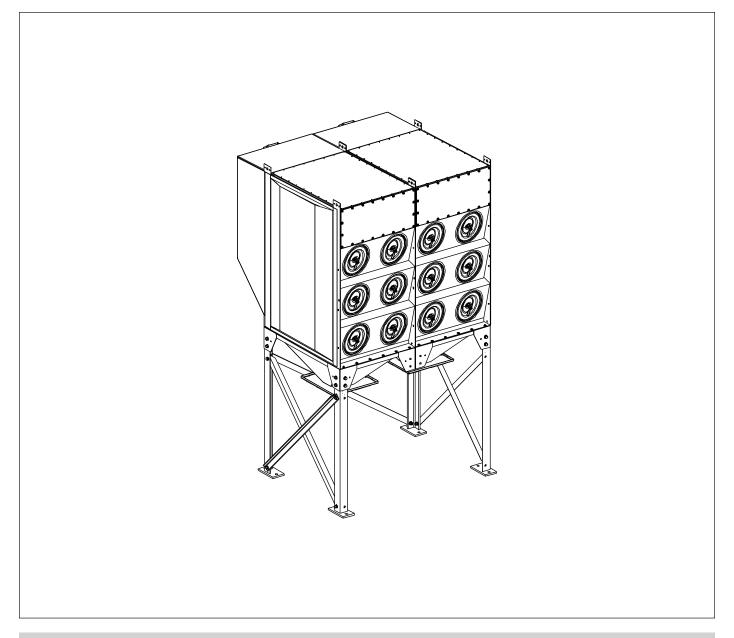
Donaldson.

Downflo[®] Oval

DFO 2-8, 2-12, 2-16, 2-24, 2-36 3-10, 3-12, 3-18, 3-24, 3-36, 3-48, 3-60, 3-72, 4-16, 4-32, 4-48, 4-64, 4-80, 4-96, 4-112, and 4-128

Installation and Operation Manual

Installation, Operation, and Service Information





This manual contains specific precautions related to worker safety. The hazard alert image denotes safety related instructions and warnings in this manual. DO NOT operate or perform maintenance on this collector until you have read and understood the instruction and warnings contained within this manual.

English Master Language IOM 9343601 (ENG) Revision 15

IMPORTANT NOTES

This manual has been supplied to assist with the installation, operation and maintenance for the collector purchased. Please read the manual before installing, operating, or performing maintenance on the collector as it contains specific precautions for worker safety. It is the owner's responsibility to ensure that this manual is available for use by installers, operators and maintenance personnel that will be working with this collector. This manual is the property of the owner and should be left with the collector when installation has been completed. DO NOT operate this collector until you have read and understood the instructions and warnings located in the installation and operation manual.

For additional copies of this manual, contact Donaldson Torit



The Safety Alert Symbol indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided could result in death or serious injury. Obey all safety messages following this symbol to avoid possible injury or death. The possible hazards are explained in the associated text messages.

CAUTION, used with the safety alert symbol, indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

NOTICE indicates a potential situation or practice which is not expected to result in personal injury, but which if not avoided, may result in damage to equipment.

Contents

IMPORTANT NOTES	2
Safety Communication	1
Description	2
Purpose and Intended Use	2
Rating and Specification Information	
Operation	3
Inspection on Arrival	4
Installation Codes and Procedures	4
Installation	4
Foundations or Support Framing	5
Collector Location	5
Site Selection	5
Hoisting Information	5
Typical Installation	6
Standard Equipment	7
Field Assembly	7
Module Assembly	7
Deflector Plate, Yoke, Venturi, and Filter Installation.	
Hopper Installation	11
Provisional Anchor Bolt Recommendations	12
Compressed Air Installation	13
Electrical Wiring	13
Solid-State Timer Installation	15
Solenoid Connection	15
Timer and Solenoid Specifications	15
Preliminary Start-Up Check	17

Maintenance Information	18
Operational Checklist	18
Filter Removal and Installation	18
Filter Removal	19
Dust Disposal	19
Compressed Air Components	19
Optional Equipment	21
Fan Blower	21
TBI and TRB Style Damper and Silencer Support	
Bracket	
55-Gallon Drum Pack	23
Rotary Valve and Transition	25
Magnehelic® Gauge	26
Photohelic® Gauge	
Delta P Control	29
Delta P Plus Control	
Plenum Silencer, TRB	31
Abrasion-Resistant Inlet Collar	31
Platforms and Ladders	32
Extended Dirty-Air Plenum	33
Air Management Module	
Cold Climate Kit	34
Explosion Vent	35
Sprinkler	
Troubleshooting	
Product Information	39
Service Notes	
Donaldson Industrial Air Filtration Warranty	40

 $\mathsf{Magnehelic}^{\circledast}$ and $\mathsf{Photohelic}^{\circledast}$ are registered trademarks of Dwyer Instruments, Inc.

Safety Communication



Improper operation of dust collectors and/or dust control systems may contribute to conditions in a work area or facility which could result in severe personal injury, and product or property damage. All dust collection equipment should be used only for its intended purpose and should be properly selected and sized for its intended use.

Process owners have important responsibilities relating to identifying and addressing potential hazards in their processes. When the potential for handling combustible dust exists within a process the process owner should include combustion hazards in their risk management activities and should comply with applicable codes and standards related to combustible dust.

Electrical installation must be performed by a qualified electrician.

This equipment is not designed to support site ducts, piping, or electrical services. All ducts, piping, or electrical services must be adequately supported to prevent injury and/or property damage.

Site selection must account for wind, seismic zone, and other load conditions.

Equipment may reach peak sound pressure levels above 80 dB (A). Noise levels should be considered when selecting collector location.

Combustible Dust Hazards

Among other considerations, the current NFPA standards require owners whose processes involve potentially combustible materials to have a current Dust Hazard Analysis, which can serve as the foundation for their process hazard mitigation strategy. Mitigation may include but is not limited to:

- Prevention of all ignition sources from entering any dust collection equipment.
- Selection and implementation of fire and explosion mitigation, suppression, and isolation strategies appropriate for the risks in their process.
- Development and use of work practices to maintain safe operating conditions, and to ensure combustible dust does not accumulate within their plant or process equipment.

Donaldson designs, manufactures, and sells industrial air filtration products for a wide variety of applications. Some applications may include processes or materials with inherent fire and explosion hazards. Donaldson is neither an expert nor a certified consultant in fire, spark, or explosion detection, suppression, or control. Donaldson does not provide engineering consulting services related to process or dust hazard analyses, or code and standard compliance. Complying with applicable codes and standards and managing the risks associated with the process or materials remains the responsibility of the process owner/operator. Donaldson may provide referrals to consultants, suppliers of equipment or services related to the detection and/or mitigation of sparks, fires and/or explosions, but Donaldson does not assume responsibility for any such referrals, nor does Donaldson assume any liability for the fitness of a mitigation strategy or product for a particular installation or application. The process owner's final selection of dust collectors and risk mitigation strategies should be based on the outcome of a Dust Hazard / Process Hazard Analysis performed by the process owner. Although early engagement of a dust collector supplier provides helpful insights on the availability and features of various products, process owners should consult with a combustible dust expert and/or a process safety expert before making actual product and mitigation strategy selections.

Donaldson recommends that all industrial air filtration system designs be reviewed and approved by an expert consultant who is responsible for the integrity of the system design and compliance with applicable codes and standards. It is the process owner's responsibility to understand the risks in their process and mitigate those risks in accordance with all applicable laws, regulations and standards, including those published by the NFPA. Donaldson also recommends that proper maintenance and housekeeping procedures and work practices be evaluated, developed, and followed to maintain any industrial air filtration products in safe operating condition.

Many factors beyond the control of Donaldson can affect the use and performance of Donaldson products in a particular application, including the conditions under which the product is used. Since these factors are uniquely within the user's knowledge and control, it is essential the user evaluate the Donaldson products to determine whether the product is fit for the particular purpose and suitable for the user's application. All products, product specifications, and data (airflow, capacity, dimensions, or availability) are subject to change without notice, and may vary by region or country.

Description

The Downflo Oval dust collector is a continuousduty, modular collector with cartridge-style filters. The downward airflow design delivers high filtration efficiency while using less energy. Continuous duty means the filters can be pulse cleaned on-line without interrupting airflow through the collector. The filters are pulse-cleaned in sequence, one set at a time, without turning the collector off. The modular design allows flexibility in system design and adapts easily to limited space areas. Each standard module is two or three filter rows wide by two, three, or four rows high by two filters deep.

Designed to increase the versatility of the collector, standard options include abrasion-resistant inlets, extended dirty-air plenums, and air management modules.

Purpose and Intended Use



Misuse or modification may result in severe personal injury and/or

property damage.

Do not misuse or modify.

Downflo Oval collectors are widely used on nuisance dust where the load to the collector is less than five grains per cubic foot. Some typical applications include abrasive blasting, grinding, pharmaceuticals, powder paint applications, sand handling, and welding. Each application is different and selecting the correct filter for the application and type of dust collected is important. Contact Donaldson Torit for selection assistance.

- Ambient, extremely fine, and non-fibrous dust, typically are well served by use Ultra Web[®] filters which offer high efficiency and performance on fine particulate.
- Fibrous dusts often benefit from a cartridge with an open-pleat design, such as Fibra-Web®.
- Operations involving high temperature and high humidity may require special attention. Temperature, moisture content, and chemistry issues may require custom collector design.
- Hygroscopic dust such as fertilizer, salt, and sugar should be handled under a controlled, low humidity environment.
- Flammable or explosive dust may require customized collector design options.
- Applications with high hydrocarbon or high oil content may require special treatment or filter media.

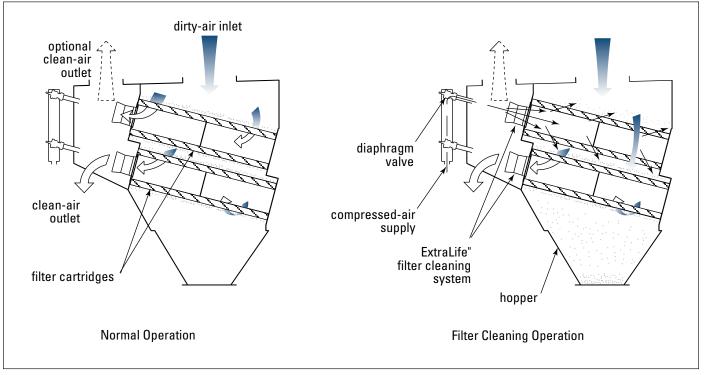
Rating and Specification Information

General rating and specification information can be found in the product literature provided with the collector or available on the Donaldson website. For specific load values for a collector, see the Specification Control Drawing shipped with the collector.

Operation

During normal operation, dust-laden air enters the collector through the dirty-air inlet. Airflow is directed downward through the collector and heavier particulate falls directly into the hopper. The cartridges remove fine particulate and clean, filtered air passes through the cartridge to the clean-air plenum and discharges through the clean-air outlet.

Filter cleaning is completed using pulse-jet technology. A solenoid and diaphragm valve aligned to each row of filters provides the pulse cleaning. The cleaning sequence starts at the top filter row and continues down through each module. Remove, inspect, or change the cartridges from outside the collector by removing the filter access cover and sliding the filters out.



Collector Operation

Inspection on Arrival

- 1. Inspect collector upon delivery.
- 2. Report any damage to the delivery carrier.
- 3. Request a written inspection report from the Claims Inspector to substantiate any damage claim.
- 4. File claims with the delivery carrier.
- 5. Compare collector received with description of product ordered.
- 6. Report incomplete shipments to the delivery carrier and your Donaldson Torit representative.
- 7. Remove crates and shipping straps. Remove loose components and accessory packages before lifting collector from truck.
- 8. Check for hardware that may have loosened during shipping.
- 9. Use caution removing temporary covers.

Installation Codes and Procedures

Codes may regulate recirculating filtered air in your facility.

Consult with the appropriate authorities having jurisdiction to ensure compliance with all national and local codes regarding recirculating filtered air.

Safe and efficient operation of the collector depends on proper installation.

Authorities with jurisdiction should be consulted before installing to verify local codes and installation procedures. In the absence of such codes, install collector according to the National Electric Code, NFPA No. 70-latest edition and NFPA 91 (NFPA 654 if combustible dust is present).

A qualified installation and service agent must complete installation and service of this equipment.

All shipping materials, including shipping covers, must be removed from the collector prior to or during collector installation.

NOTICE

ICE Failure to remove shipping materials from the collector will compromise collector performance.

Inspect collector to ensure all hardware is properly installed and tight prior to operating collector.

Installation



JTION Use proper equipment and adopt all safety precautions needed for servicing equipment.

Electrical service or maintenance work must be performed by a qualified electrician and comply with all applicable national and local codes.

Turn power off and lock out all power before performing service or maintenance work.

Do not install in classified hazardous atmospheres without an enclosure rated for the application.

Turn compressed air supply OFF, bleed and lock out lines before performing service or maintenance work.

Site selection must account for wind, seismic zone, and other load conditions when selecting the location for collectors.

Codes may regulate acceptable locations for installing dust collectors. Consult with the appropriate authorities having jurisdiction to ensure compliance with all national and local codes regarding dust collector installation.

Collectors must be anchored in a manner consistent with local code requirements. Anchors must be sufficient to support dead, live, seismic, and other anticipated loads.

Consult a qualified engineer for final selection of anchorage.

NOTICE

Do not set compressed-air pressure above 100-psig as component damage can occur.

All compressed air components must be sized to meet the system requirements of 90-100-psig supply pressure.

The compressed-air supply must be oil and moisture free. Contamination in the compressed air used to clean filters will result in poor cleaning, cleaning valve failure, or poor collector performance.

Purge compressed air lines to remove debris before connecting to the collector's compressed air manifold. The collector is suitable for either indoor or outdoor installations. Reference the Rating and Specification Information.

Foundations or Support Framing

Prepare the foundation or support framing in the selected location. Foundation or support framing must comply with local code requirements and may require engineering.

Foundation and support framing must be capable of supporting dead, live, wind, seismic and other applicable loads. Consult a qualified engineer for final selection of foundation or support framing.

Collector Location

Donaldson Torit equipment is not designed to support site installed ducts, interconnecting piping, or electrical services. All ducts, piping, or electrical services must be adequately supported to prevent severe personal injury and/or property damage.

When hazardous conditions or materials are present, consult with local authorities for the proper location of the collector.

Dust collection equipment may reach peak sound pressure levels above 80 dB (A). Noise levels should be considered when selecting collector location.

Locate the collector to ensure easy access to electrical and compressed air connections, to simplify solids collection container handling and routine maintenance, and to ensure the straightest inlet and outlet ducts.

Provide clearance from heat sources and avoid any interference with utilities when selecting the location.

Site Selection

This collector can be located on a foundation or structural framing.

Note: Collectors with explosion vents are not available in portable configurations.

Hoisting Information



JTION Failure to lift the collector correctly can result in severe personal injury and/or property damage.

Use appropriate lifting equipment and adopt all safety precautions needed for moving and handling the equipment.

A crane or forklift and qualified operator are recommended for unloading, assembly, and installation of the collector.

Location must be clear of all obstructions, such as utility lines or roof overhang.

Use all lifting points provided.

Use clevis connectors, not hooks, on lifting slings.

Use spreader bars to prevent damage to collector's casing.

Check the Specification Control drawing for weight and dimensions of the collector and components to ensure adequate crane capacity.

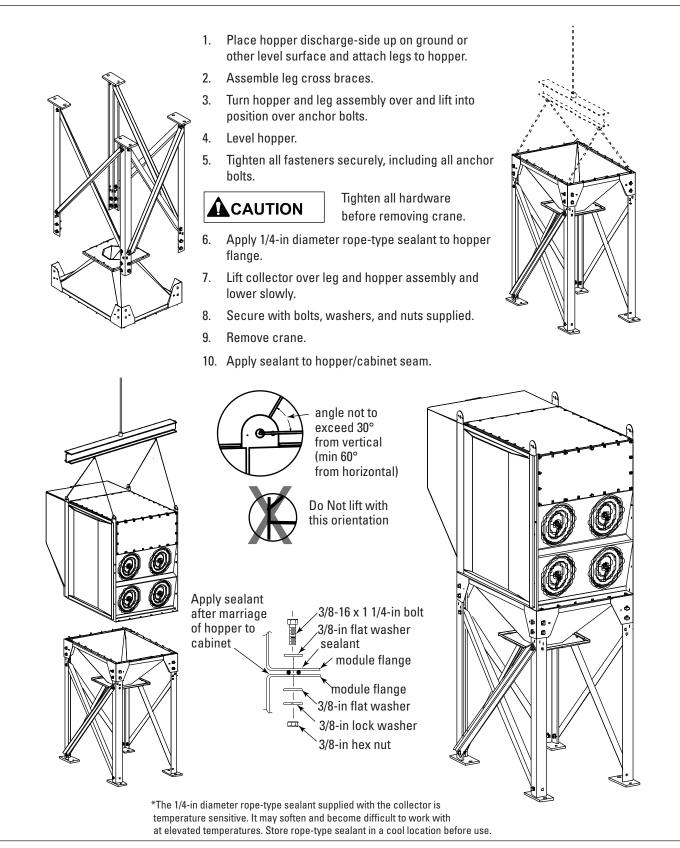
Allow only qualified crane or forklift operators to lift the equipment.

Refer to applicable OSHA regulations and local codes when using cranes, forklifts, and other lifting equipment.

Lift collector and accessories separately and assemble after collector is in place.

Use drift pins to align holes in section flanges during assembly.

Typical Installation



Typical Installation

Standard Equipment

Standard equipment consists of modules, hoppers, and legs. The legs and hopper are assembled first and the collector is placed using a crane. Collectors with up to seven modules require one crane for installation and collectors containing eight or more modules require two cranes.

Field Assembly

Use proper equipment and adopt all safety precautions needed for

servicing equipment.

Electrical service or maintenance work must be performed by a qualified electrician and comply with all applicable national and local codes.

Turn power off and lock out all power before performing service or maintenance work.

Do not install in classified hazardous atmospheres without an enclosure rated for the application.

Turn compressed air supply OFF, bleed and lock out lines before performing service or maintenance work.

Field assembly of modules may be required due to truck capacity, crane capacity, or specific customer requirements. A detailed instruction drawing, shipped with each module, provides specific assembly and lifting instructions.

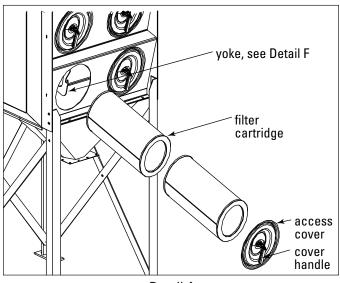
If collector has been shipped with fully-assembled modules, skip to Hopper Installation.

Module Assembly

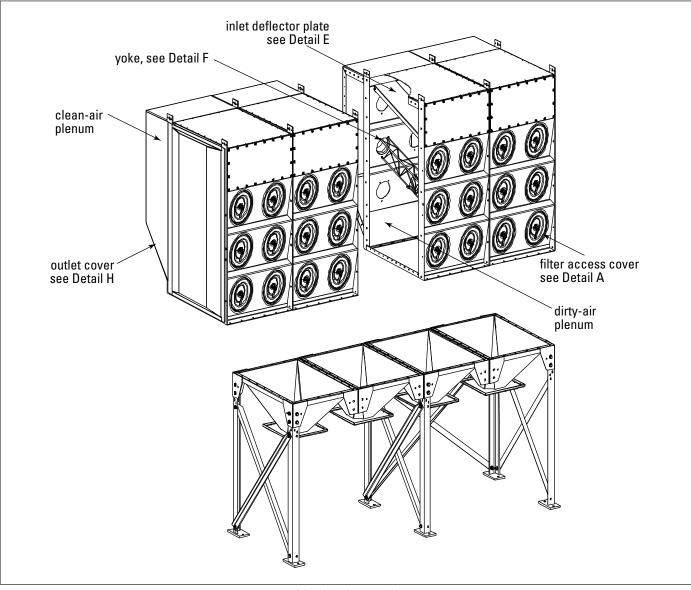
```
NOTICE
```

Two cranes are required to lift and assemble modules.

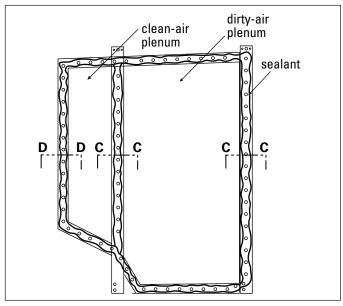
- 1. Remove the protective cover from the end of each module.
- 2. Remove one column of access covers, filters, venturis, yokes, and deflector panels from the joint-side of each module. See Detail A.
- 3. Remove outlet cover from the bottom of the clean-air plenum and set aside.
- 4. Apply a generous amount of sealant to one module to create an airtight seal between the clean- and dirty-air plenums as shown in Detail B.
- 5. Lift both modules into position using two cranes.
- 6. Use drift pins to align the bolt holes in the mating flanges.
- Bolt the modules together using 1/2-13 and 3/8-16 x 1 1/4-in bolts, washers, and nuts as shown Details B, C, and D. Do not tighten hardware at this time.
- 8. Check that all joints and flanges are flush and tighten hardware starting with the joint between the cleanand dirty-air plenums. Remove excess sealant.



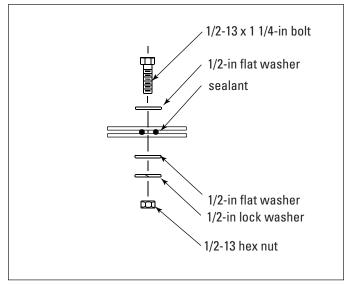
Detail A



Module Assembly



Detail B



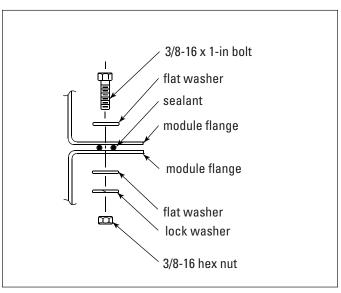
Detail C

Deflector Plate, Yoke, Venturi, and Filter Installation

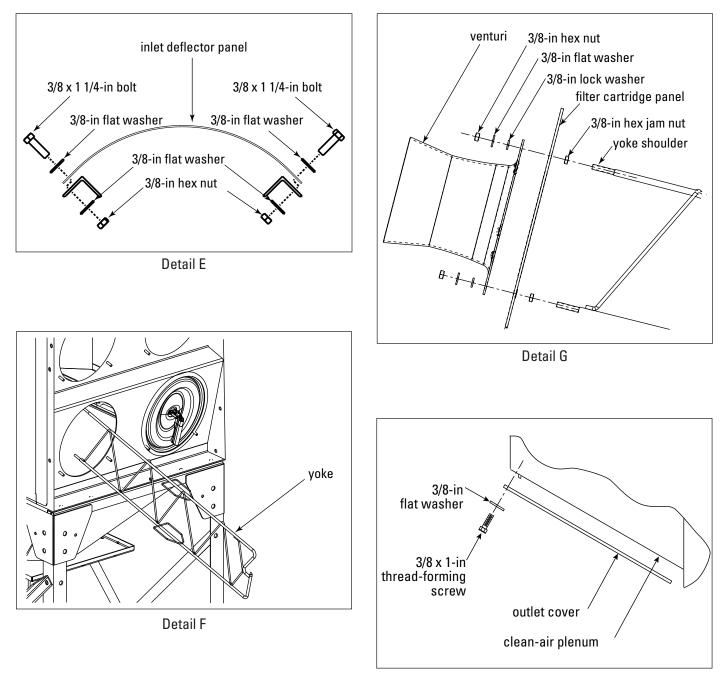


Installing yokes requires two people.

- Attach deflector plates to the support angles using 3/8-16 x 1 1/4-in bolts, washers, and nuts as shown in Detail E.
- 2. From the clean air plenum (to access, remove the outlet cover, see Detail H), thread a thin jam nut to the shoulder of each of the two yoke rod ends. See Detail G and H.
- Start at the top access port and work downward. Position the yoke as shown in Detail F. From the filter section, have one person hold the yoke in position while another person installs the venturi and hardware from the clean-air plenum. See Detail H. Do not tighten hardware at this time.
- Adjust jam nut against the filter cartridge panel. Have one person hold the yoke in position as shown in Detail F while another person tightens the three hex nuts from the clean-air plenum (see Detail H). Repeat to install all yokes.
- Slide the filter cartridge on the yoke gasket-end first. Replace access cover and tighten securely by hand. Repeat for all filter cartridges.
- 6. Replace the outlet cover on the bottom of the cleanair plenum. See Detail H.



Detail D



Detail H

Hopper Installation

There are five hopper styles offered for the Downflo Oval. A single-module wide that spans two portholes, a single-module wide that spans three portholes, a doublemodule wide spanning four portholes, a tall steeper, single-module wide module which spans two portholes, and a single-module screw conveyor spanning two portholes. All styles except the screw conveyor transition to a single 10-in square discharge. The screw conveyor hopper transitions to a single 18-in square discharge.

Anchors must comply with local code requirements and must be capable of supporting dead, live, wind, seismic, and other applicable loads.

Anchor sizes shown are provisional, as final anchor sizing will depend on jobsite load conditions, collector location, foundation/ framing design variables and local codes.

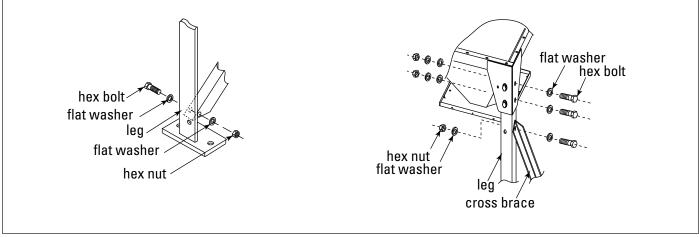
Consult a qualified engineer for final selection of anchors.

Reference Typical Foundation Anchor and leg assembly drawing shipped with the collector prior to starting assembly.

1. Prepare the foundation or support framing in the selected location. Locate and install anchors.

- 2. Stand the hopper on the discharge end.
- 3. Use drift pins to align holes.
- 4. Reference the Leg Positioning and Leg and Cross Brace Assembly drawings. Attach the legs to the hopper gussets using the hardware supplied.
- 5. Join multiple hoppers together at hopper gussets using the hardware supplied. Do not tighten hardware at this time.
- 6. Turn leg and hopper assembly over and position over anchor bolts. Secure each leg pad to the foundation anchor bolts with customer-supplied flat washers and nuts. Do not tighten hardware at this time.
- 7. Level hopper.
- 8. Tighten all hardware securing legs, cross braces, hopper gussets, and foundation anchor bolts.

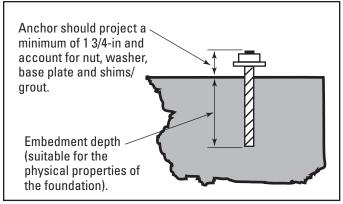
JTION Tighten all hardware before removing crane to prevent personal injury and/or property damage.



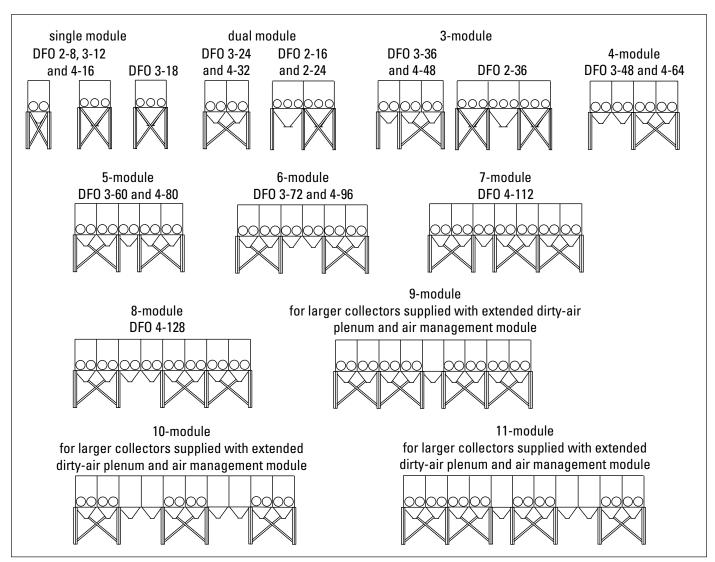
Leg and Cross Brace Assembly

Provisional Anchor Bolt Recommendations

- 1. Consider Hilti HIT-HY 200 Anchor System or equivalent. Quantity of anchor bolts should match the number of holes provided in the base plates.
- 2. Anchor diameter is typically 1/8-in less than baseplate hole diameter.
- 3. Corrosive environment or outdoor installation may require stainless steel anchors.







Leg Positioning

Compressed Air Installation

Turn compressed air supply OFF, bleed and lock out lines before performing service or maintenance work.

A safety exhaust valve should be used to isolate the compressed air supply. The safety exhaust valve should completely exhaust pressure in the collector manifolds when closed, should be capable of being interlocked with fire or explosion mitigation equipment and should include provisions to allow closedposition locking.

NOTICE

Do not set compressed-air pressure above 100-psig as component damage can occur.

All compressed air components must be sized to meet the system requirements of 90-100-psig supply pressure.

The compressed-air supply must be oil and moisture free. Contamination in the compressed air used to clean filters will result in poor cleaning, cleaning valve failure, or poor collector performance.

Purge compressed-air lines to remove debris before connecting to the collector's compressed-air manifold.

- Remove the plastic pipe plug from the collector's air 1. manifold and connect the compressed-air supply lines. Use thread-sealing tape or pipe sealant on all compressed-air connections.
- 2. Install a customer-supplied shut-off valve, bleedtype regulator with gauge, filter, and automatic condensate valve in the compressed-air supply line.
- 3. Set compressed-air supply pressure to a level suitable for the filters (90-psig). The pulse-cleaning controls are factory set to clean one or more filters every 10-seconds during a cleaning cycle.

Electrical Wiring



Electrical installation, service, or maintenance work must be performed by a qualified electrician and

comply with all applicable national and local codes.

Turn power off and lock out all power before performing service or maintenance work.

Do not install in classified hazardous atmospheres without an enclosure rated for the application.

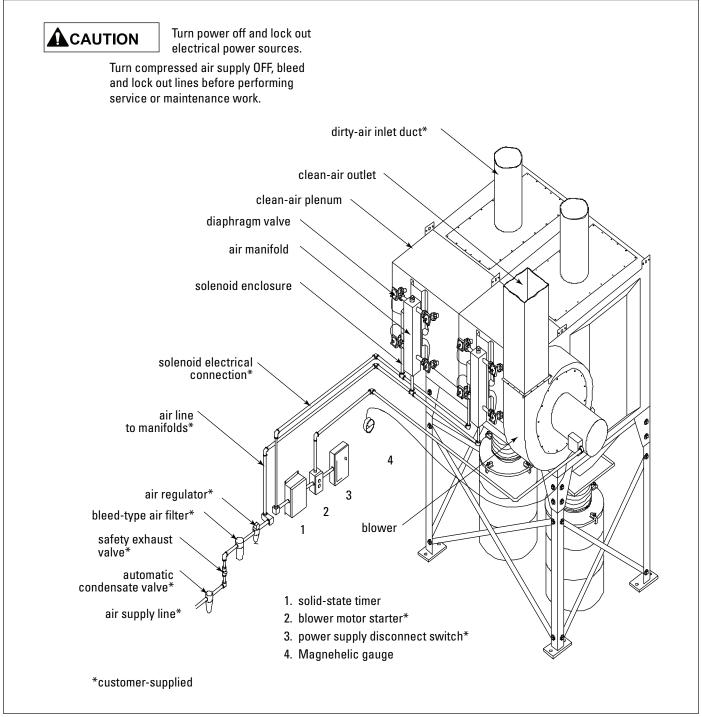
All electrical wiring and connections, including electrical grounding, should be made in accordance with the National Electric Code (NFPA No. 70-latest edition).

Check local ordinances for additional requirements that apply.

The appropriate wiring schematic and electrical rating must be used. See collector's rating plate for required voltage.

An electric disconnect switch having adequate amp capacity shall be installed in accordance with Part IX. Article 430 of the National Electrical Code (NFPA No. 70-latest edition). Check collector's rating plate for voltage and amperage ratings.

Refer to the wiring diagram for the number of wires required for main power wiring and remote wiring.



Compressed Air and Component Installation

Solid-State Timer Installation

Electrical installation, service or maintenance work during

installation must be performed by a qualified electrician and comply with all applicable national and local codes.

Turn power off and lock out all power before performing installation, service, or maintenance work.

Do not install in classified hazardous atmospheres without an enclosure rated for the application.

The solid-state timer is used to control the filter cleaning system. Available options include 3, 6, 10, 20, or 32-pin solenoid valve controls.

- 1. Using the wiring diagram supplied, wire the fan motor, fan-motor starter, solid-state timer, and solenoid valves. Use appropriate wire gauge for rated amp load as specified by local codes.
- 2. Plug the program lug into the pin that corresponds with the number of solenoid valves controlled for 3-10 PIN. For 20 and 32 PIN solenoid controls, set the switch positions on the DIP switch labeled LAST CHANNEL to the corresponding number of pulse valves using the chart printed on the timer board.
- With power supply ON, check the operation of the 3. timer and valves. The valves should open and close sequentially at factory set 10-second intervals.
- 4. If a gauge or similar device is used to control the solid-state timer, the jumper on the pressure switch portion of the timer should be removed. The solenoid valves pulse only when the differential pressure reaches the high-pressure setpoint. The valves will continue to pulse until the low-pressure setpoint is reached.

NOTICE

The solid-state timer voltage must match the voltage of the rating of the timer provided (typically 120 VAC, 240 VAC also available).

Do not mount the solid-state timer directly to the collector as mechanical vibration can damage the timer.

Solenoid Connection

The collector is equipped with electric solenoid valves (typically 120V) that controls the pulse-cleaning valves, which in turn clean the filters.

Solenoid enclosures are mounted near or on the collector's compressed-air manifold.

Wire the solenoids to the solid-state timer following the wiring diagram supplied with the collector. Filter life and cleaning operation will be affected if not wired correctly.

Timer and Solenoid Specifications

Power to the solid-state timer is supplied to Terminals L1 and L2, which are intended to operate in parallel with the fan starter's low-voltage coil. On fan start-up, power is supplied to the timer and the preset OFF time is initiated. At the end of the OFF time, the timer energizes the corresponding solenoid valve to provide the ON time cleaning pulse for one diaphragm valve and then steps to the next until all filters have been cleaned.

To pulse when the fan is OFF, install a toggle switch as shown on the Solid-State Timer Wiring Diagram. When the toggle switch is ON, the timer receives power and energizes the solenoid valves' pulse-cleaning operation even though the fan is turned OFF.

Input 105-135V/50-60Hz/1Ph

Output Solenoids

The load is carried and turned ON and OFF by the 200 watt maximum-load-per-output solid-state switch.

Pulse ON Time

Factory set at 100-milliseconds, or 1/10-second.

NOTICE

Do not adjust pulse ON time unless the proper test equipment

is available. Too much or too little ON time can cause shortened filter life.

Pulse OFF Time

Factory set at 10-seconds, adjustable from 1.5-sec minimum to maximum 30-seconds.

Operating Temperature Range -20° F to 130° F

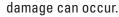
Transient Voltage Protection 50 kW transient volts for 20-millisecond duration once every 20 seconds, 1% duty cycle.

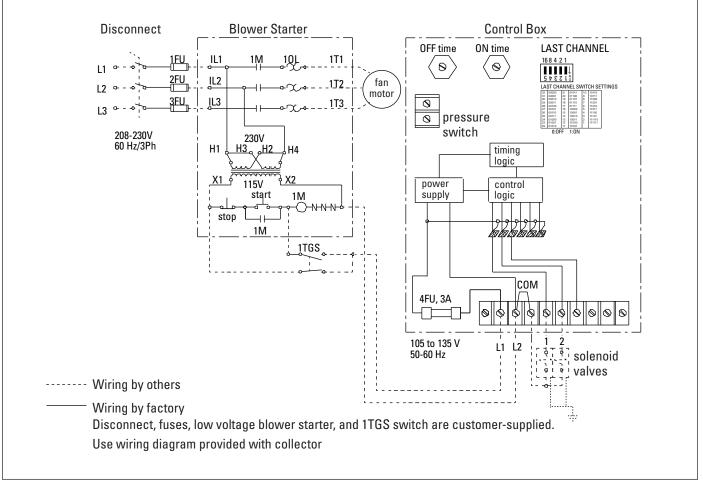
Solenoid Valves 115-Volt at 19.7 watts each

Compressed-Air

Set compressed-air supply pressure to a level suitable for the filters (90-psig). The pulse-cleaning controls are factory set to clean one or more filters every 10-seconds during a cleaning cycle.

Do not increase supply pressure above 100-psig as component





Solid-State Timer Typical Wiring Diagram

Preliminary Start-Up Check

Instruct all personnel on safe use and maintenance procedures.

Electrical work during installation, service or

maintenance must be performed by a qualified electrician and comply with all applicable national and local codes.

Turn power off and lock out all power before performing service or maintenance work.

Turn compressed air supply OFF, bleed and lock out lines before performing service or maintenance work.

Check that the collector is clear and free of all debris before starting.

Do not install in classified hazardous atmospheres without an enclosure rated for the application.

Optional fans over 600 lbs must be independently supported.

- 1. Check all electrical connections for tightness and contact.
- 2. Check for proper rotation on all motors as described below.

To reverse rotation, single-phase power supply: Follow manufacturer's instructions on the motor's nameplate.

To reverse rotation, three-phase power supply: Switch any two leads on the motor junction box.



JTION Do not look into fan outlet to determine rotation. View the fan rotation through the back of the motor.

Check that the exhaust plenum is free of tools or debris before checking blower/fan rotation.

Stand clear of exhaust to avoid personal injury.

Do not interchange a power lead with the ground wire. Severe personal injury and/or property damage may result.

- 3. All access panels should be sealed and secure.
- 4. Check that the dust container is properly sealed and clamped.

- 5. Check that fan exhaust damper is set to the fullyclosed position.
- 6. Check and remove all loose items in or near the inlet and outlet of the collector.
- 7. Check that all remote controls and solenoid enclosures (if applicable) are properly wired and all service switches are in the OFF position.
- 8. Check that all optional accessories are installed properly and secured.
- 9. Turn power ON at source.
- 10. Turn the compressed-air supply ON. Set compressed-air supply pressure to a level suitable for the filters (90-psig).
- 11. Turn fan motor ON.
- 12. Adjust airflow with the exhaust damper.

NOTICE

FICE Excess airflow can shorten filter life, cause electrical system failure and fan motor failure.

13. Turn powered hopper discharge devices ON.

Maintenance Information

Instruct all personnel on safe use and maintenance procedures.

Use proper equipment and adopt all safety precautions needed for servicing equipment.

Use appropriate access equipment and procedures. Note the standard collector is not equipped with access platforms unless noted on the specification drawings.

Electrical service or maintenance work must be performed by a qualified electrician and comply with all applicable national and local codes.

Turn power off and lock out all power before performing service or maintenance work.

Do not install in classified hazardous atmospheres without an enclosure rated for the application.

Turn compressed air supply OFF, bleed and lock out lines before performing service or maintenance work.

NOTICE

Do not set compressed-air pressure above 100-psig as component damage can occur.

All compressed air components must be sized to meet the system requirements of 90-100 psig supply pressure.

The compressed-air supply must be oil and moisture free. Contamination in the compressed air used to clean filters will result in poor cleaning, cleaning valve failure, or poor collector performance.

Purge compressed air lines to remove debris before connecting to the collector's compressed air manifold.

Operational Checklist

1. Monitor the physical condition of the collector and repair or replace any damaged components.

Routine inspections will minimize downtime and maintain optimum system performance. This is particularly important on continuous-duty applications.

2. Periodically check the compressed air components and replace compressed air filters.

Drain moisture following the manufacturer's instructions. With the compressed air supply ON, check the cleaning valves, solenoid valves, and tubing for leaks. Replace as necessary.

3. Monitor pressure drop across filters.

Abnormal changes in pressure drop may indicate a change in operating conditions and possibly a fault to be corrected. For example, prolonged lack of compressed air will cause an excess build-up of dust on the filters resulting in increased pressure drop. Cleaning off-line with no airflow usually restores the filters to normal pressure drop.

- Monitor exhaust. 4.
- 5. Monitor dust disposal.

Filter Removal and Installation

Use proper safety and protective equipment when removing contaminants and filters.

Dirty filters may be heavier than they appear.

Use care when removing filters to avoid personal injury and/or property damage.

Turn power off and lock out all power before performing service or maintenance work.

Turn compressed air supply OFF, bleed and lock out lines before performing service or maintenance work.

Do not operate with missing or damaged filters.

Filter Removal

- 1. Start at the top access port.
- Remove access cover. For collectors without Bag-In/ 2. Bag-Out: remove access cover by lifting latch handle and lifting cover to remove from yoke. For collectors with Bag-In/Bag-Out: lift up access cover handle and while pushing in on cover, slide access cover to the side approximately 1-inch to remove access cover.

If the access cover clamp fails to operate smoothly, apply a lubricant to the riveted pivot points and to the clamp rod where it passes through the outside of the cover. Wipe off overspray.

- 3. Break the seal between the filter cartridge and the sealing surface.
- 4. Rotate the cartridge slightly to the left to remove dust that may have accumulated on the top of the filter.
- Slide each filter out the access port along the 5. suspension yoke and dispose of properly.
- Inspect and clean the sealing surface if necessary. 6.

NOTICE

Clean dust from gasket sealing area to ensure a positive filter gasket seal.

Check for any accumulation of dust in the storage 7. area and remove as necessary.

Filter Installation

Slide the new filter cartridge onto each suspension 1. yoke.



Insert the filter, gasket end first.

2. Wipe cover gaskets clean and replace covers by attaching cover to yoke hook and firmly latching cover handle.

Replaced access covers carefully by securing them using the handle provided. Keep fingers away from the sealing surface to avoid pinching.

NOTICE

Check that access covers are seated and seal properly. Gaskets must be compressed to ensure a dust tight seal.

Turn electrical power and compressed air supply ON 3. before starting collector.

Dust Disposal

NOTICE

To avoid possible damage to the fan motor, maintain a seal below the collector if servicing the dust storage device while the fan is running.

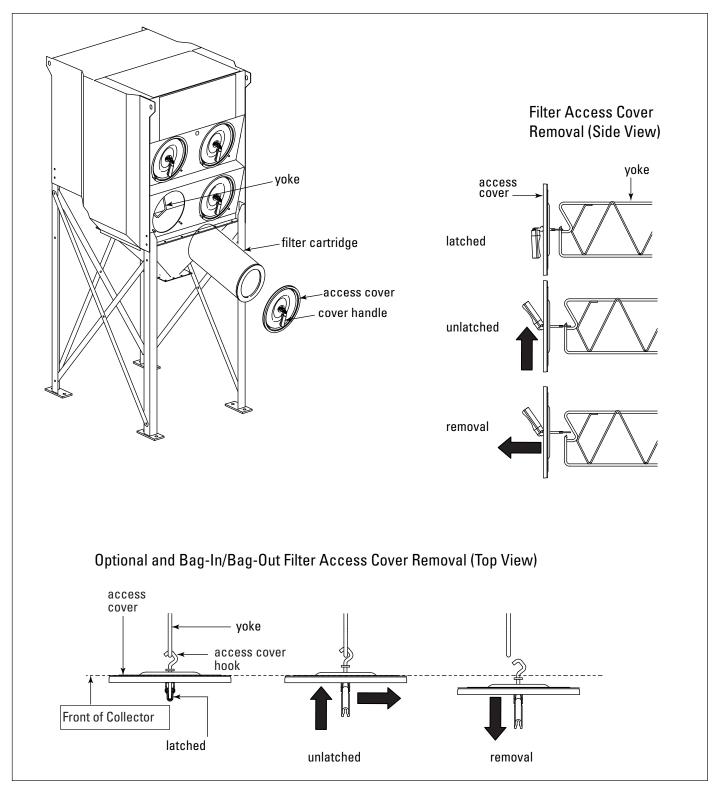
- 1. Empty dust container(s) (drum or bin) as necessary to minimize dust in the hopper.
- 2. If the optional 55-gallon drum attachment is used, empty when dust container is 2/3 full.
- 3. If optional slide gate is used, close gate before servicing dust container.

Sharp edge of slide gate may result in personal injury while closing the slide gate. Keep hands clear when operating the slide gate.

- Check integrity of gasket under drum cover. 4.
- 5. Replace or reinstall dust container and open gate (if applicable).

Compressed Air Components

- Periodically check the compressed air components 1. and replace damaged or worn components as necessary.
- 2. Drain moisture following the manufacturer's instructions.
- 3. With the compressed-air supply ON, check the cleaning valves, solenoid valves, and tubing for leaks. Repair or replace as necessary.



Filter Removal and Installation

Optional Equipment

Fan Blower

JTION Failure to lift the fan correctly can result in severe personal injury and/or property damage.

Use appropriate lifting equipment and adopt all safety precautions needed for moving and handling the fan.

A crane or forklift and qualified operator are recommended for unloading, assembly, and installation of the fan.

Location must be clear of all obstructions, such as utility lines or roof overhang.

To avoid personal injury and/or damage to equipment, ensure fan blowers are properly attached to equipment.

NOTICE

TICE The use of a damper or variable fan drive (VFD) is required to control airflow through the collector. Lack of a control damper or VFD will shorten filter life.

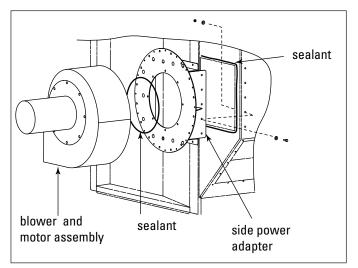
The collector can accept direct mounted fan blowers, Torit Backward Inclined (TBI) or Torit Radial Blade (TRB), to the top or side of the collector.

Fans are dynamically balanced and tested at operating speeds to check for conformance to vibration limits. All fans must be adequately supported for smooth operation

For complete information, see the most current version of the TBI or TRB Fan Installation, Operation and Maintenance manual.

Side Mount TBI or TRB Fan Blowers (For Collectors Built After July 2003)

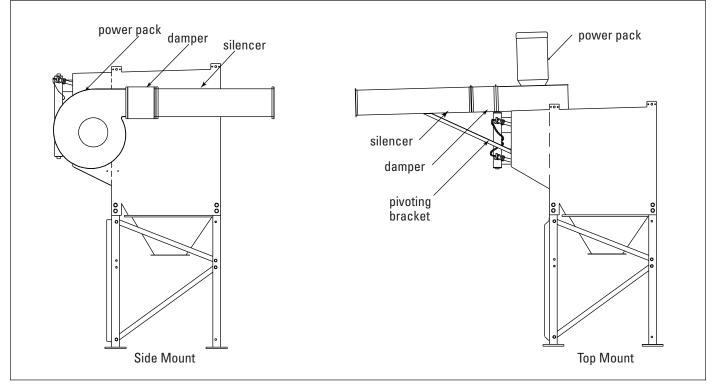
For complete information, see the most current version of the TBI or TRB Fan Installation, Operation and Maintenance manuals.



Side-Mount Fan Blower

TBI and TRB Style Damper and Silencer Support Bracket

For complete information, see the most current version of the TBI or TRB Fan Installation, Operation and Maintenance manual.



Typical Side and Top-Mount Silencer and Damper Installation

55-Gallon Drum Pack

The drum pack is designed to fit a customer-supplied, standard 55-gallon drum and provides easy access for dust removal and disposal. A flexible hose connects the drum cover to the hopper. Placing a pallet under the drum allows heavier materials to be moved quickly using a forklift or pallet jack. If a pallet is used, the length of flexible hose may need to be shortened.



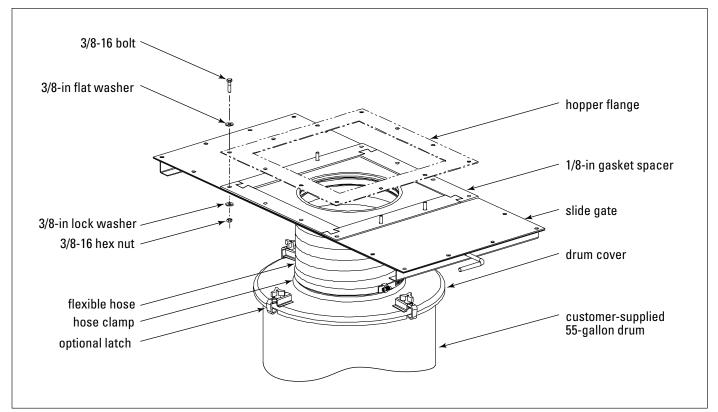
JTION Sharp edge of slide gate may result in personal injury while closing the slide gate. Keep hands clear when operating the slide gate.

With Slide Gate

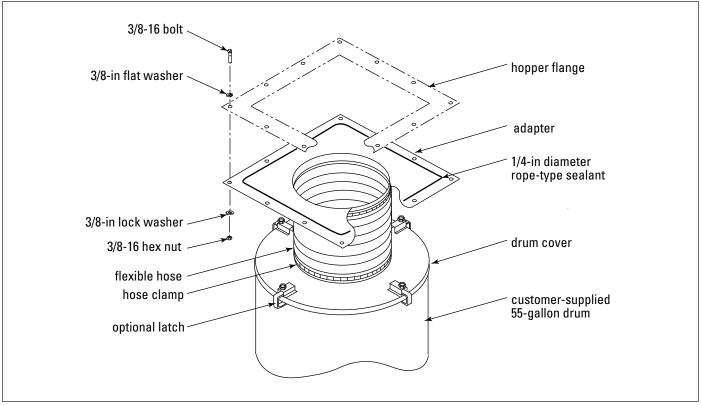
- 1. Place the 1/8-in gasket spacer between the hopper flange and slide gate as shown.
- 2. Attach the drum pack and slide gate to the hopper flange using 3/8-16 bolts, washers, and hex nuts.
- 3. Attach the drum cover to the 55-gallon drum.
- 4. Use latches to secure the cover to the drum, if equipped.
- 5. Connect the flexible hose between the drum cover and slide gate. Secure with hose clamps.

Without Slide Gate

- 1. Place 1/4-in diameter rope-type sealant between the hopper flange and the drum cover mounting flange toward the inside edge of the bolt pattern.
- 2. Fasten using the bolts, washers, and nuts supplied.
- 3. Attach the drum cover to the 55-gallon drum.
- 4. Use latches to secure the cover to the drum, if equipped.
- 5. Connect the flexible hose between the drum cover and the adapter. Secure with hose clamps.



55-Gallon Drum Pack with Slide Gate



55-Gallon Drum Pack without Slide Gate

Rotary Valve and Transition



Rotating blades can cause serious injury.

Turn power off and lock out all power before performing service or maintenance work.

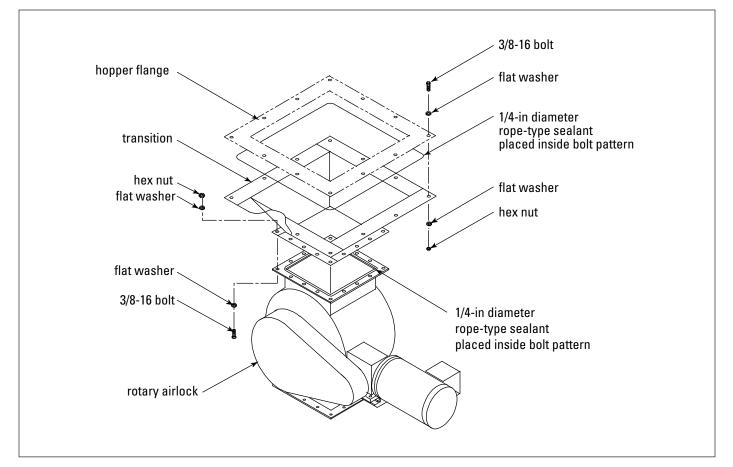
Keep hands, feet and loose clothing away from both inlet and outlet openings to avoid injury or damage when valve is operating.

NOTICE

ICE Optional discharge devices may require independent support. Discharge devices over 800 lbs. must be independently supported.

Rotary Valves are used to maintain a seal on the hopper outlet while material is discharged from the hopper. A transition allows a valve to be connected to the hopper discharge when there is a size difference between the hopper and the valve.

- 1. Place 1/4-in diameter, rope-type sealant to the inside of the transition's bolt pattern.
- 2. Use 3/8-16 bolts, washers, and hex nuts to fasten transition to hopper.
- 3. Determine the proper position required for the rotary airlock. Allow clearance for electrical connections and future maintenance.
- 4. Place 1/4-in diameter, rope-type sealant toward the inside-edge of the airlock's top flange.
- 5. Fasten the airlock to the transition flange using 3/8-16 bolts, washers, and hex nuts.
- 6. Electrical connections must be made by a qualified electrician. Refer to the motor's nameplate for voltage, amp rating, cycle, and wiring sequence.



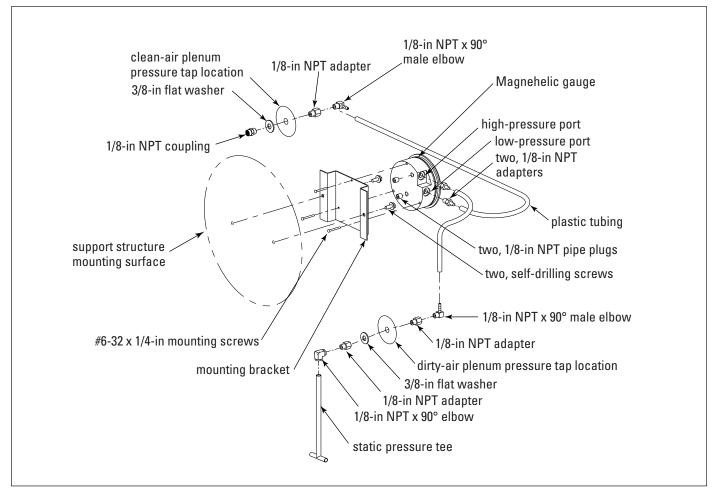
Rotary Valve and Transition

Magnehelic[®] Gauge

The Magnehelic is a differential pressure gauge used to measure the pressure difference between the cleanair and dirty-air plenums and provides a visual display of filter change requirements. The high-pressure tap is located in the dirty-air plenum and the low-pressure tap is located in the clean-air plenum.

- Choose a convenient, accessible location on or near the collector for mounting that provides the best visual advantage.
- Plug the pressure ports on the back of the gauge using two, 1/8-in NPT pipe plugs supplied. Install two, 1/8-in NPT male adapters supplied with the gauge into the high- and low-pressure ports on the side of the gauges.

- 3. Attach the mounting bracket using three, #6-32 x 1/4in screws supplied.
- 4. Mount the gauge and bracket assembly to the supporting structure using two, self-drilling screws.
- 5. Thirty-five feet of plastic tubing is supplied and must be cut in two sections. Connect one section of tubing from the gauge's high-pressure port to the pressure fitting located in the dirty-air plenum. Connect remaining tubing from the gauge's low-pressure port to the fitting in the clean-air plenum. Additional tubing can be ordered from your representative.
- 6. Zero and maintain the gauge as directed in the manufacturer's Operating and Maintenance Instructions provided.



Magnehelic Gauge Installation

Photohelic® Gauge

JTION Electrical installation, service, or maintenance work must be performed by a qualified electrician and comply with all applicable national and local codes.

Turn power off and lock out all power before performing service or maintenance work.

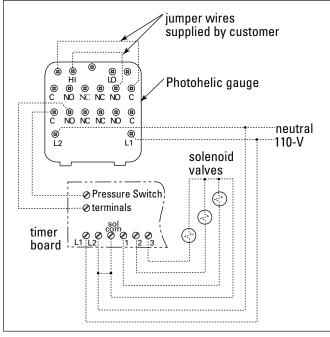
Do not install in classified hazardous atmospheres without an enclosure rated for the application.

The Photohelic combines the functions of a differential pressure gauge and a pressure-based switch. The gauge function measures the pressure difference between the clean-air and dirty-air plenums and provides a visual display of filter condition. The high-pressure tap is located in the dirty-air plenum and a low-pressure tap is located in the clean-air plenum. The pressure-based switch function provides high-pressure ON and lowpressure OFF control of the filter cleaning system.

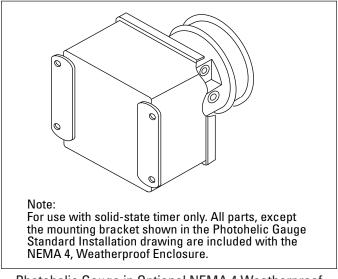
- 1. Choose a convenient, accessible location on or near the collector for mounting that provides the best visual advantage.
- 2. Mount the gauge to the remote panel or door using the mounting ring, retaining ring, and four #6-32 x 1

1/4-in screws. Do not tighten screws. Connect two, 1/8-in NPT x 1/4-in OD male adapters to the gauge's high- and low-pressure ports. Tighten screws.

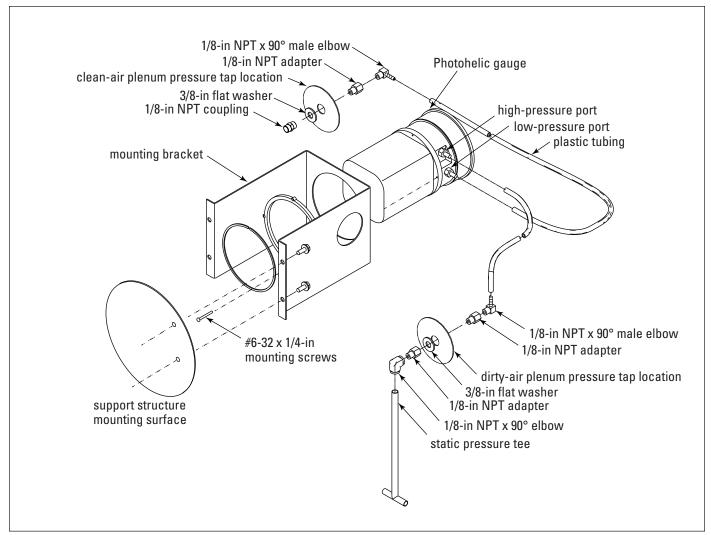
- 3. On the back of the gauge, remove four #6-32 x 5/16-in screws and plastic enclosure. Set aside. Add two jumper wires supplied by customer. Remove the jumper from the pressure switch located on the timer board, if equipped. Using the 3/4-in conduit opening, wire the gauge as shown. Reassemble and fasten enclosure securely.
- 4. Thirty-five feet of plastic tubing is supplied and must be cut in two sections. Connect one section of tubing from the gauge's high-pressure port to the pressure fitting located in the dirty-air plenum. Connect remaining tubing from the gauge's low-pressure port to the fitting in the clean-air plenum. Additional tubing can be ordered from your representative.
- 5. Zero and maintain the gauge as directed in the manufacturer's Operating and Maintenance Instructions provided.
- 6. To install the Photohelic Gauge mounted in a NEMA 4, Weatherproof Enclosure, follow Steps 4 and 5.



Photohelic Gauge Wiring Diagram



Photohelic Gauge in Optional NEMA 4 Weatherproof Enclosure



Photohelic Gauge Installation

Delta P Control

For complete information, see the most current version of the Delta P Installation, Operation, and Maintenance manual.

Description

The Delta P Controller monitors the differential pressure between the clean-air and dirty-air plenums, providing a visual display of the filter condition. When combined with a pulse timer, it manages the pressure drop by turning the cleaning mechanism On and Off at the chosen limits. There are three (3) set points: High Pressure On, Low Pressure Off, and Alarm. The first two, High Pressure On and Low Pressure Off, control the filter cleaning system. The third, Alarm, provides a relay output to activate an external alarm supplied by others.

Operation

Normal

The Delta P Controller monitors the pressure in the clean-air and dirty-air air plenums while the collector is running. The blower draws air through the filters, creating a pressure drop. The Delta P Controller measures the pressure drop and provides a visual display in inches water gauge or metric (SI) units of daPa.

Filter Cleaning

When the pressure drop across the filters reaches the High Pressure On setpoint, the controller closes an output relay allowing a timer to trigger the cleaning valves sequentially. When the controller senses that the pressure drop has decreased to the Low Pressure Off setpoint, the relay opens and the cleaning cycle stops. This sequence continues as long as the collector is in use, maintaining the pressure drop within a narrow range.

Alarm

The Alarm setpoint is set to a higher setting than the High Pressure On setpoint used to start the filter cleaning cycle. It indicates situations when the cleaning system cannot reduce the pressure drop due to cleaning system failure, lack of compressed air, or the end of the filter's useful life. There is a time delay prior to setting the Alarm to prevent nuisance trips. The Delta P Controller also provides an input connection for a remote alarm reset.



Delta P Control Display

Delta P Plus Control

For complete information, see the most current version of the Delta P Plus Installation, Operation, and Maintenance manual.

Description

The Delta P Plus Controller monitors the differential pressure between the clean-air and dirty-air plenums, providing a visual display of the filter condition. When combined with a pulse timer, it manages the pressure drop by turning the cleaning mechanism On and Off at the chosen limits. There are three (3) set points: High Pressure On, Low Pressure Off, and Alarm. The first two, High Pressure On and Low Pressure Off, control the filter cleaning system. The third, Alarm, provides a relay output to activate an external alarm supplied by others.

The user can program the Delta P Plus Controller to pulse while the collector is running, to maintain a relatively constant pressure drop across the filters, pulse only after the collector is shut down (after-shift cleaning), or a combination of both, cleaning while running as well as end of the shift.

Operation

Normal

The Delta P Plus Controller monitors the pressure on both sides of the tubesheet while the collector is running. As air flows through the filters, the resistance of the media and collected dust creates a pressure difference or "drop" between the dirty and clean air plenums. The Delta P Plus Controller measures the pressure drop and provides a visual display in inches water gauge or metric (SI) units of daPa.

Filter Cleaning

The Delta P Plus Controller offers three filter cleaning options.

 Differential Pressure Cleaning (DFF) - When the pressure drop across the filters reaches the Controller's High Pressure On setpoint, the Controller closes an output relay allowing a sequential timer to trigger the cleaning valves. When the Controller senses that the pressure drop has decreased to the Low Pressure Off setpoint, the relay opens and the cleaning cycle stops. This sequence continues as long as the collector is in use, maintaining the pressure drop within a narrow range.

- Downtime Cleaning (DTC) The Delta P Plus Controller monitors the collection system. When the pressure drop exceeds the Low Pressure Off set point and then approaches zero again, the Delta P Plus Controller runs a delay timer to allow the blower to come to a stop and then engages the cleaning mechanism for a preselected time.
- Combined Differential and Downtime Cleaning (ALL) - The Delta P Plus Controller combines the two functions described above; maintaining the pressure drop in a narrow band and downtime cleaning the filters when the collector is shut down. The downtime cleaning function can be toggled On or Off from the keyboard.

Alarm

The Alarm setpoint is set to a higher setting than the High Pressure On used to start the filter cleaning cycle. It indicates situations when the cleaning system cannot reduce the pressure drop due to cleaning system failure, lack of compressed air, or the end of the filter's useful life. There is a time delay prior to setting the Alarm to prevent nuisance trips. The Delta P Plus Controller also provides an input connection for a remote Alarm reset.



Delta P Plus Control Display

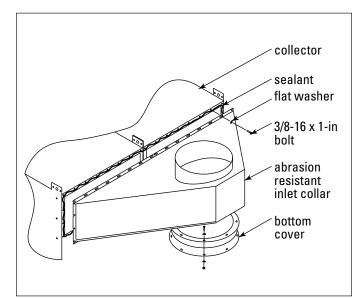
Plenum Silencer, TRB

Top Mount

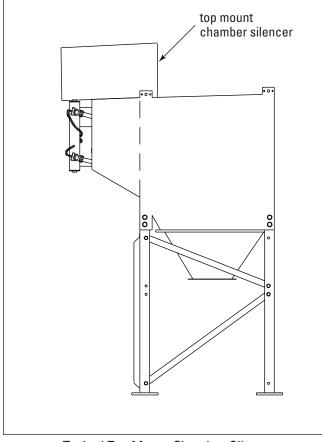
- Apply sealant and attach the bottom panel to the collector as described on the assembly drawing shipped with the silencer using a combination of hardware removed from the collector and hardware supplied.
- 2. Install the fan and motor assembly as described in the Power Pack section and the assembly drawing.
- 3. Route rigid or flexible conduit from the junction box on the motor to the outside wall of the silencer to house wiring.
- 4. Install the top of the silencer and attach silencer to base using the supplied hardware.
- 5. Loosen the wing nut on the damper and adjust from 30 to 50% closed.

Abrasion-Resistant Inlet Collar

- 1. Remove the collector's front cover plate. Remove excess sealant from opening.
- 2. Apply 1/4-in sealant around the opening toward the inside-edge of the bolt pattern.
- 3. Align the holes on the inlet collar with the holes in the collector and secure using 3/8-16 x 1-in bolts and flat washers supplied.



Abrasion-Resistant Inlet Collar



Typical Top Mount Chamber Silencer

Platforms and Ladders

Stationary platforms are available for use on single to eleven module, two filter wide collectors and three module, three filter wide collectors.

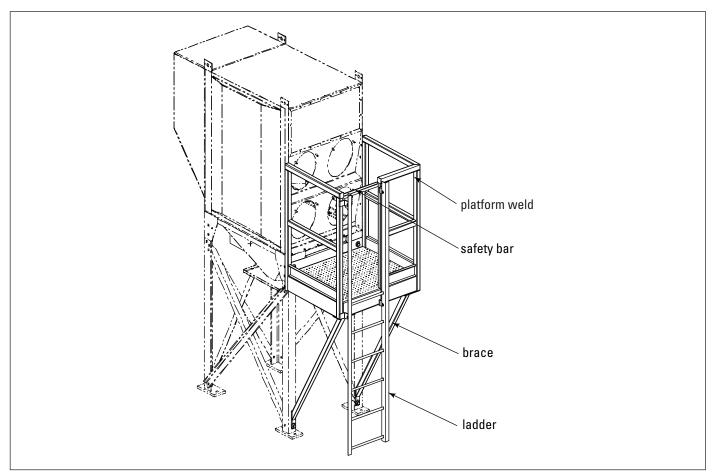
For two filter wide collectors the platform is available for standard or steep-sided hoppers with the ladder located left, right, or front of the platform.

On three filter wide collectors the platform is available for standard hoppers only with ladder access on the left or right side only. Complete installation and assembly instructions are shipped with the platform.

JTION Dropping the platform can result in personal injury or property damage. Secure the platform assembly to the crane or forklift with straps or clamps.

Stationary Platform

- 1. Pre-assemble the platform according to the instructions shipped with the platform. The hardware and placement is called out on the assembly drawing.
- 2. Lift the assembled platform into position and secure following the assembly drawing instructions.
- 3. Tighten all hardware before removing crane or forklift.
- 4. Check platform hardware each time the platform is used.



Stationary Platform

Extended Dirty-Air Plenum

The extended dirty air plenum is used in applications requiring an air management module, an end inlet, or when a single inlet serves multiple modules.

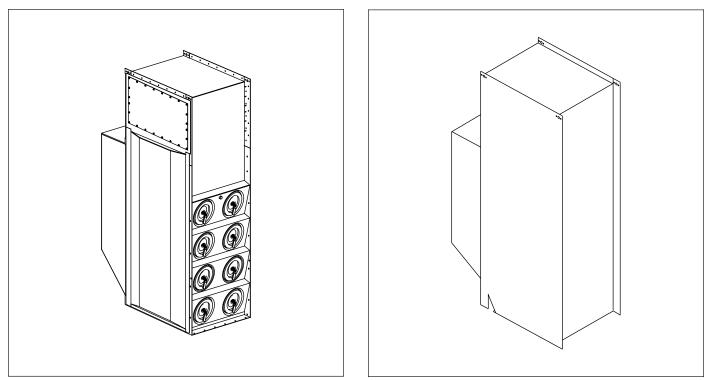
When positioned an an end module, it is supplied with a stanadard 2 x 47-in covered opening that may be used as an access or inlet area.

Specify the location of the opening as top, front or side of the extended dirty air plenum although front or side locations limit the area to 36 x 36-in.

Air Management Module

The air management module is used in applications involving heavy grain loading, large or abrasive particles in the airstream, or in applications when a collector with a single inlet serves multiple modules. It is equipped with a louvered panel near the bottom, which prevents reentrainment of the dust that falls through to the hopper. This module does not contain filters, and is available for use with an extended dirty-air plenum only.

When the air management module is positioned as an end module, it is supplied with a standard 24 x 27-in covered opening.



Extended Dirty-Air Plenum

Air Management Module

Cold Climate Kit

Electrical installation, service, or maintenance work must

be performed by a qualified electrician and comply with all applicable national and local codes.

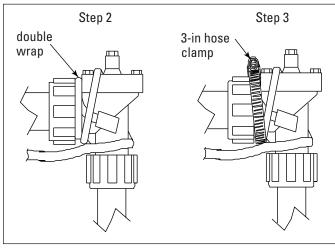
Turn power off and lock out all power before performing service or maintenance work.

Do not install in classified hazardous atmospheres without an enclosure rated for the application.

A cold climate kit provides heat to the pulse valves to prevent cold weather freeze up. The basic kit, for use in applications that have a moderate amount of moisture in the compressed-air supply, consists of a small heating element and thermostat installed in the solenoid enclosure. The basic kit is factory-installed and supplied with the appropriate solenoid wiring instructions.

A heavy-duty kit is available for applications that have moderate-to-high amounts of moisture in the compressed-air supply and consists of the basic kit plus a heat cable to deliver heat to the large pulse valves. This kit is customer-installed and detailed installation instructions are provided.

- 1. Install the power connection kit on the heat cable following the manufacturer's instructions.
- 2. Start with the upper right-hand valve, wrap heat cable around the valve as shown in Detail A. Pull heat cable tight.

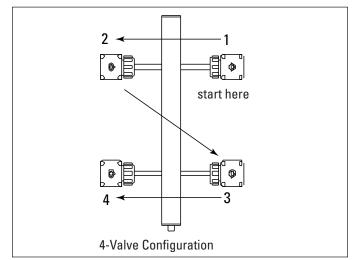


Cold Climate Kit, Detail A

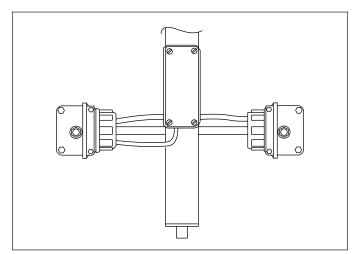
NOTICE

Double wrap between round coupling and square valve cover.

- 3. Position a 3-in hose clamp around the double wrapped heat cable and tighten securely.
- 4. Wrap remaining valves using the same technique in the order shown in Detail B.
- 5. Drill a 1-in diameter hole in the back of the junction box. See Detail C. Assemble the power connection kit following the manufacturer's instructions.
- 6. Secure junction box to manifold using two, 8-in hose clamps wrapped around the standoff.
- 7. Wrap 6-ft of pipe insulation tape around each heatcable wrapped valve. Wrap the entire valve, double wrapping the hose-clamped heat cable. Secure with cable ties.



Cold Climate Kit, Detail B



Cold Climate Kit, Detail C

Explosion Vent

JTION Personal injury, death, and/or property damage can result from material discharge during venting.

The material discharged during the venting of an explosion must be safely directed outdoors away from areas occupied by personnel to reduce risk of personal injury and/or property damage.

The risk of personal injury and/or property damage can be minimized or avoided by locating vented equipment outside buildings and away from normally occupied areas.

Explosion vents should be inspected regularly to confirm physical and operational condition. Replace any damaged parts immediately.

Standard explosion vents are intended for outdoor installations only.

Unless otherwise noted, the explosion venting calculations are based on formulas from NFPA-68 for outdoor applications only, with no duct or obstructions on the explosion vent panel.

Contact Donaldson Torit for assistance in calculating specific venting requirements for equipment.

NFPA 68 can provide guidance on both the frequency of and appropriate details for inspections.

Sprinkler



JTION Sprinklers can place a large quantity of water in the dust collector when activated. Provide adequate

Consult with local authorities

drainage to remove water. Excess water weight can cause the leg structure to collapse.

NOTICE

when installing fire control systems on dust collection equipment.

Sprinkler couplings are provided for the convenience of fire control system installers. The fire control system installer shall make their own decisions on the appropriate location of fire control system components.

Problem	Probable Cause	Remedy
Fan blower and motor	Improper motor wire size	Rewire using the correct wire gauge as specified by
do not start		national and local codes.
	Not wired correctly	Check and correct motor wiring for supply voltage. See motor manufacturer's wiring diagram. Follow wiring diagram and the National Electric Code.
	Collector not wired for available voltage	Correct wiring for proper supply voltage.
	Input circuit down	Check power supply to motor circuit on all leads.
	Electrical supply circuit down	Check power supply circuit for proper voltage. Check for fuse or circuit breaker fault. Replace as necessary.
	Damaged motor	Replace damaged motor.
Fan blower and motor start, but do not stay running	Incorrect motor starter installed	Check for proper motor starter and replace if necessary.
	Access doors are open or not closed tight	Close and tighten access doors. See Filter Installation.
	Hopper discharge open	Check that dust container is installed and properly sealed.
	Damper control not adjusted properly	Check airflow in duct. Adjust damper control until proper airflow is achieved and the blower motor's amp draw is within the manufacturer's rated amps.
	Electrical circuit overload	Check that the power supply circuit has sufficient power to run all equipment.
Clean-air outlet discharging dust	Filters not installed correctly	See Filter Installation.
	Filter damage, dents in the end caps, gasket damage, or holes in media	Replace filters as necessary. Use only genuine Donaldson replacement parts. See Filter Installation.
	Access cover(s) loose	Tighten access doors securely. See Filter Installation.
Insufficient airflow	Fan rotation backwards	Proper fan rotation is clockwise when viewed from the motor side or counterclockwise when viewed through the inlet cone. See Preliminary Start-Up Check.
	Access doors open or not closed tight	Check that all access doors are in place and secured. Check that the hopper discharge opening is sealed and that dust container is installed correctly.
	Fan exhaust area restricted	Check fan exhaust area for obstructions. Remove material or debris. Adjust damper flow control.
	Filters need replacement	Remove and replace using genuine Donaldson replacement filters. See Filter Removal and Installation.

Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting

Problem	Probable Cause	Remedy
Insufficient airflow continued	Lack of compressed air	See the Specification Control Drawing shipped with the collector for compressed air supply requirements.
	Pulse cleaning not energized	Use a voltmeter to check the solenoid valves in the control panel. Check pneumatic lines for kinks or obstructions.
	Dust storage area overfilled or plugged	Clean out dust storage area. See Dust Disposal.
	Pulse valves leaking compressed air	Lock out all electrical power to the collector and bleed the compressed air supply. Check for debris, valve wear, pneumatic tubing fault, or diaphragm failure by removing the diaphragm cover on the pulse valves. Check for solenoid leaks or damage. If pulse valves or solenoid valves and tubing are damaged, replace.
	Solid-State timer failure	Using a voltmeter, check supply voltage to the timer board. Check and replace the fuse on the timer board if necessary. If the fuse is good and input power is present but output voltage to the solenoid is not, replace the timer board. See Solid-State Timer Installation.
	Solid-State timer out of adjustment	See Solid-State Timer and Solid-State Timer Wiring Diagram.
No display on the Delta P Controller	No power to the controller	Use a voltmeter to check for supply voltage.
	Fuse blown	Check the fuse in the control panel. See wiring diagram inside the control panel. Replace if necessary.
Display on Delta P Controller does not read zero when at rest	Out of calibration	Recalibrate as described in Delta P Maintenance Manual.
	With collector discharging outside, differential pressure is present from indoor to outdoor	Recalibrate with the pressure tubing attached as described in the Delta P Maintenance Manual.
Delta P Controller ON, but cleaning system does not start	Pressure tubing disconnected, ruptured, or plugged	Check tubing for kinks, breaks, contamination, or loose connections.
	Not wired to the timing board correctly	Connect the pressure switch on the timer board to Terminals 7 and 8 on TB3.
	Faulty relay	Using a multimeter, test relay for proper closure. Replace if necessary.

Problem	Probable Cause	Remedy
Pulse cleaning never stops	Pressure switch not wired to the timer board correctly	Connect the pressure switch on the timer board to Terminals 7 and 8 on TB3.
	Pressure switch terminals on the timer board jumpered	Remove jumper wire on Solid-State Timer board before wiring to the Delta P Control.
	High Pressure On or Low Pressure Off setpoint not adjusted for system conditions	Adjust setpoints to current conditions.
	Pressure tubing disconnected, ruptured, plugged, or kinked	Check tubing for kinks, breaks, contamination, or loose connections.
Alarm light is ON	Alarm setpoint too low	Adjust to a higher value.
	Excess pressure drop	Check cleaning system and compressed air supply. Replace filters if filters do not clean down.
	Pressure tubing disconnected, ruptured, plugged, or kinked	Check tubing for kinks, breaks, contamination, or loose connections.
Delta P arrow keys do not work	Improper operation	Press and hold one of the three setpoint keys to use arrow keys.
	Programming keys disabled	Remove the Program Disable jumper from Terminals 3 and 4 on TB2.
Cleaning light is ON, but cleaning system not functioning	Improper wiring	Check wiring between the Delta P Control and the timer board, and between the timer board and solenoid valve coils.
	Defective solenoids	Check all solenoid coils for proper operation.
	Timer board not powered	Check power ON light on timer board's LED display. If not illuminated, check the supply voltage to the timer board. Check the fuse on the timer board. Replace if necessary.
	Timer board defective	If LED is illuminated, observe the output display. Install a temporary jumper across the pressure switch terminals. Output levels should flash in sequence. Check output using a multimeter set to 150-Volt AC range. Measure from SOL COM to a solenoid output. The needle will deflect when LED flashes for that output if voltage is present. If LED's do not flash, or if no voltage is present at output terminals during flash, replace the board.

Product Information (Process Owner to complete and retain for your records)

Model Number _			_ Serial Number	
Ship Date		Installation Date		
Filter Type				
Dust Properties:	Kst	_Pmax	MIE	MEC
Accessories				
Other				

Service Notes

Date	Service Performed	Notes

Donaldson Industrial Air Filtration Warranty

Donaldson warrants to the original purchaser only that the Goods will be free from defects in material and manufacture for the applicable time periods stated below: (1) Major structural components for a period of ten (10) years from the date of shipment; (2) Non-Structural, Donaldson-built components and accessories including Donaldson Airlocks, TBI Fans, TRB Fans, Fume Collector products, Donaldson built electrical control components, and Donaldson-built Afterfilter housings for a period of twelve (12) months from date of shipment; and (3) Donaldson-built filter elements for a period of eighteen (18) months from date of shipment.

Buyer is solely responsible for determining if goods fit Buyer's particular purpose and are suitable for Buyer's process and application. Seller's statements, engineering and technical information, and recommendations are provided for the Buyer's convenience and the accuracy or completeness thereof is not warranted. If, after Seller receives written notice, within the warranty period, that any goods allegedly do not meet Seller's warranty, and Seller, in its sole discretion, determines that such claim is valid, Seller's sole obligation and Buyer's exclusive remedy for breach of the foregoing warranty or any Seller published warranty, will be, at Seller's option, either: (i) repair or replacement of such goods or (ii) credit or refund to Buyer for the purchase price from Seller. In the case of repair or replacement, Seller will be responsible for the cost of shipping the parts but not for labor to remove, repair, replace or reinstall the allegedly defective goods. Refurbished goods may be used to repair or replace the goods and the warranty on such repaired or replaced goods shall be the balance of the warranty remaining on the goods which were repaired or replaced. Any repair or rework made by anyone other than Seller is not permitted without prior written authorization by Seller, and voids the warranty set forth herein. Seller warrants to Buyer that it will perform services in accordance with the Sales Documents using personnel of required skill, experience and gualifications and in a professional and workmanlike manner in accordance with generally recognized industry standards for similar services. With respect to any services subject to a claim under the warranty set forth above, Seller shall, in its sole discretion, (i) repair or re-perform the applicable services or (ii) credit or refund the price of such services at the pro rata contract rate and such shall be Seller's sole obligation and the exclusive remedy for breach of the foregoing warranty on services. Products manufactured by a third party ("Third Party Product") may constitute, contain, be contained in, incorporated into, attached to or packaged together with, the goods, Buyer agrees that: (a) Third Party Products are excluded from Seller's warranty in this Section 7 and carry only the warranty extended by the original manufacturer, and (b) Seller's liability in all cases is limited to goods of Seller's design and manufacture only. EXCEPT FOR SELLER'S WARRANTY OF TITLE TO THE GOODS, SELLER EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS AND EXCLUDES ALL OTHER WARRANTIES WHATSOEVER, WHETHER, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, ORAL, STATUTORY, OR OTHERWISE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY AND ANY WARRANTIES ARISING FROM TECHNICAL ADVICE OR RECOMMENDATIONS, COURSE OF DEALING OR OF PERFORMANCE, CUSTOM OR USAGE OF TRADE. Seller's obligations do not cover normal wear and tear or deterioration, defects in or damage to any goods resulting from improper installation, accident or any utilization, maintenance, repair or modification of the goods, or any use that is inconsistent with Seller's instructions as to the storage, installation, commissioning or use of the goods or the designed capabilities of the goods or that, in its sole judgment, the performance or reliability thereof is adversely affected thereby, or which is subjected to abuse, mishandling, misuse or neglect or any damage caused by connections, interfacing or use in unforeseen or unintended environments or any other cause not the sole fault of Seller, and shall be at Buyer's expense. Seller's warranty is contingent upon the accuracy of all information provided by Buyer. Any changes to or inaccuracies in any information or data provided by Buyer voids this warranty. Seller does not warrant that the operation of the goods will be uninterrupted or error-free, that the functions of the goods will meet Buyer's or its customer's requirements unless specifically agreed to, or that the goods will operate in combination with other products selected by Buyer or Buyer's customer for its use.

The terms of this warranty may only be modified by a special warranty document signed by a Director, General Manager or Vice President of Donaldson. To ensure proper operational performance of your equipment, use only genuine Donaldson replacement parts.

This Product is provided subject to and conditioned upon Donaldson's Terms of Sale ("Terms"), a current copy of which is located at termsofsale.donaldson.com. These Terms are incorporated herein by reference. By purchasing or using this Product, the user accepts these Terms. The Terms are available on our website or by calling our customer service line at 1-800-365-1331.

Significantly improve the performance of your collector with genuine Donaldson Torit replacement filters and parts. **Call Donaldson Torit at 800-365-1331.**

Important Notice

Many factors beyond the control of Donaldson can affect the use and performance of Donaldson products in a particular application, including the conditions under which the product is used. Since these factors are uniquely within the user's knowledge and control, it is essential the user evaluate the products to determine whether the product is fit for the particular purpose and suitable for the user's application. All products, product specifications, availability and data are subject to change without notice, and may vary by region or country.



Donaldson Company, Inc. Minneapolis, MN

donaldsontorit.com • shop.donaldson.com

North America Email: donaldsontorit@donaldson.com Phone: (USA): 800-365-1331 • (MX): 800-343-3639

Australasia

Email: marketing.australia@donaldson.com Phone: +61 2 4350 2000

Toll Free: (AU) 1800 345 837 • (NZ) 0800 743 387

China IAF Email: info.cn@donaldson.com Phone: (86) 400-820-1038

Donaldson Europe B.V.B.A. Email: IAF-europe@donaldson.com Phone: + 32 (0) 16 38 38 11

India Email: marketing.India@donaldson.com Phone: +91 124 4807400 Toll Free: 18001035018 Latinoamerica Email: IndustrialAir@donaldson.com Phone: +52 449 300 2442

South Africa Email: SAMarketing@donaldson.com Phone: +27 11 997 6000

Southeast Asia IAF Email: IAF.SEA@donaldson.com Phone: (65) 63117373

IOM 9343601 (ENG), Revision 15 (October 2018) ©2002-2018 Donaldson Company, Inc. Donaldson, Torit, Downflo, Ultra-Web, Fibra-Web, and the color blue are marks of Donaldson Company, Inc. All other marks belong to their respective owners.